FIRST EDITION.

Midnight.

CONGRESS.

Senators Wasting Time.

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1872.

SENATE.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR WAR.

Mr. SUMNER introduced a long series of resolutions, recommending arbitration as a substitute for war in determining differences between nations.

POSTAL CODE.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on the Postal Code bill, made a report, which was concurred in.

ANOTHER CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Mr. TIPTON introduced a joint resolution proposing a Constitutional amendment to modify the veto power so that a vote of the majority of all qualified members of both Houses shall be sufficient to overcome the President's objections.

THE STEAMBOAT BILL.

Mr. CHANDLER moved to proceed to the consideration of the conference report on the steamboat bill, and said he had received a great many telegrams from different parts of the country urging immediate action on the bill.

Mr. CONKLING opposed concurring in the report.

SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATION.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the unfinished business, the sundry civil appropriation bill, came up.

Mr. CHANDLER moved to lay it on the table, for the purpose of proceeding with the steamboat bill.

The motion to lay on the table was lost—yeas 26, nays 28.

WASTING TIME.

Mr. SUMNER then moved that the appropriation bill be indefinitely postponed, and announced that on this motion he intended to make a speech in vindication of himself. The Senate not having consented to give him a hearing on a more convenient occasion, he was obliged to take advantage of this opportunity.

Mr. CONKLING called Mr. Sumner's attention to the fact that Mr. Hamlin, chairman of the committee on French arms sales, had been called away by family affairs, and that Mr. Carpenter, also a member of the committee, was not in his seat.

Mr. SUMNER said he had heard of Mr. Hamlin's affliction, and regretted it. He observed, however, that Mr. Carpenter, the author of the French arms report, was now in his seat, and therefore he would proceed. He then went on to deliver a prepared speech.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

The Senate agreed to the request of the House for a Committee of Conference on the tariff bill, and the Vice President appointed Messrs. Sherman, Morrill (Vt.) and Bayard on the part of the Senate.

SKIRMISHING.

At the commencement of Mr. Sumner's speech, Mr. COLE said that as this first speech on the appropriation bill would probably give rise to others, he would ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution rescinding the resolution to adjourn *sine die* on Monday, June 3.

Mr. HAMILTON (Md.) objected, and the resolution went over.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved to take a recess until 7:20 P. M. Lost.

Mr. SCHURZ obtained the floor, and was proceeding to review the majority report of the Committee on French arms sales, when Mr. FERRY (Ct.) moved to adjourn, saying that it was not in accordance with the ordinary usages of the Senate to compel a Senator to proceed with his speech at so late an hour.

The motion was lost—yeas 19, nays 24.

Mr. FERRY then moved to call a recess until 7:30.

Mr. SUMNER—Mr. President, the object of this motion is to give the Senator from Missouri, who is to speak, an indulgence, which is not general-ly denied to any Senator.

Mr. CONKLING—Yes; but the Senator must know that after what has occurred, the courtesy is not applicable here. We are dealing with sterner things than that now.

The motion was lost; but after several motions the Senate finally agreed to take a recess until 8 o'clock.

BUELL RECORDS.

Evening Session.—Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported the House bill to provide for the restoration of the Buell court martial records, which was passed.

UNABLE TO AGREE.

Mr. WEST, from the second Committee of Conference on the army appropropriation bill, reported that they had been unable to agree.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved that the Senate recede from its amendments, which was agreed to. The bill, therefore, stands as passed.

The sundry civil appropriation bill being under consideration, the Senate, at 11 P. M. adjourned.

HOUSE.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ORDERED.

A Conference Committee was ordered on the amendment to the railroad grant to the Port Huron Railroad.

BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS WANTED.

On motion of Mr. BUTLER (Massachusetts), a resolution was adopted to consider means for increased and better accommodations for members in the House of Representatives.

PAY OF WITNESSES.

The pay of witnesses before committees was fixed at four dollars, and five cents for mileage.

TARIFF AND TAX.

Mr. DAWES moved to take up the tariff and tax bill, which was received from the Senate.

Messrs. FARNSWORTH, MAYNARD and BUCKLAND objected, unless it was understood that the Senate amendments were to be considered in the House, instead of being sent to a Conference Committee.

Mr. DAWES declined to do so, and moved a new concurrence in the amendments, but deferred his motion until the bill was received from the printer.

BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER'S TABLE.

A motion to go to the business on the Speaker's table, except political bills, was rejected—yeas 102, nays 96—not two thirds.

The affirmative votes were given by Democrats and moderate Republicans, and the negative votes by more prominent Republicans, who desire action on political bills.

REVISING POSTOFFICE LAWS.

Mr. FARNSWORTH made a conference report on the bill revising and modifying the postoffice laws, which was agreed to.

BED OF BEAVER LAKE.

Mr. TOWNSEND (Pa.) reported that the Conference Committee on the Senate bill to release to the State of Indiana the lands known as "Bed of Beaver Lake," had been unable to agree. A new Committee of Conference was appointed.

RAILWAY BILL PASSED.

The bill granting right of way to a railroad from St. Mary's river to Key West, Florida, was passed.

BUSINESS DISPOSED OF.

The House proceeded to the business on the Speaker's table, each bill to be subject to a two-thirds vote, and disposed thereof, as follows:

The Senate's amendments to the bill for more effective quarantine on the Southern and Gulf coasts. Agreed to.

Several Senate amendments to Indian and private bills were agreed to.

The Senate bill to refund extra duties on railroad iron to the Winona & St. Peter's Railroad Company. Passed.

The Senate bill for deepening the St. Clair Flats Canal to sixteen feet. Referred.

The Senate bill for the enlargement of the St. Mary Falls Canal, Michigan. Referred.

The Senate bill to facilitate execution and to protect certain public works of improvement. Referred.

The Senate bill relative to entry and clearance of ferry boats and bonded cars passing from one State to another through contiguous foreign territory. Passed.

The Senate bill authorizing mail steamship service between New Orleans and India. Left on the Speaker's table.

The Senate bill in relation to the transit of foreign merchandise in bond. Referred.

The Senate bill to pay $50,000 to the widow of Commander Wood for invention on gun carriages. Passed.

The Senate bill relative to homestead settlers burned out in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

The Senate bill to change the direction of the road from Ononagdoo, Michigan, to the Wisconsin State line. Referred.

TAX AND TARIFF.

The business on the Speaker's table was here interrupted by Mr. DAWES, who moved to take up the senate amendments to the tariff and tax bill, and to suspend the rules and non-concur in all Senate amendments except as to the rates on spirits and tobacco and provisions relative to bonded warehouses.

The motion was agreed to by the necessary two-thirds vote. The question was then taken on the Senate amendment fixing the tax on spirits at 70 cents, as equivalent for all other taxes, on which Mr. DAWES moved concurrence.

The amendment was concurred in without the yeas and nays.

The question was next on the Senate amendment increasing the tax on tobacco from 20 to 24 cents per pound.

Mr. Dawes making no motion on the subject, Mr. MAYNARD moved to amend the Senate amendment by reducing the rate to sixteen cents.

Mr. Maynard's motion was agreed to—yeas 132, nays 54, and the amendment as thus amended was agreed to.

The next question was on the Senate amendments in regard to bonded warehouses, increasing the time for their abolition from six to twelve months. The amendment was not concurred in.

All other amendments of the Senate were non-concurred in, and a committee on conference was ordered.

BUSINESS DISPOSED OF.

The House then resumed the consideration of the business on the Speaker's table, and disposed thereof as follows:

The Senate bill supplementary to the enforcement bill, correcting a clerical error. Left on the Speaker's table.

The Senate bill to amend the agricultural college act. Referred.

The Senate bill granting right of way through public lands to the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company. Passed.

The Senate bill to amend the act of May 31, 1870, to enforce the rights of citizens to vote, was left on the Speaker's table, the vote on its passage being—yeas, 110; nays, 95—less than two-thirds in the affirmative.

The Senate bill to amend the act of May 31, 1870, regulating the coasting and coasting trade, on the northern, north-eastern and north-western frontiers. Referred.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Dawes, Kelly (Pa.) and Kerr as House conferees on the tariff and tax bill.

Having disposed of about half the bills on the Speaker's table, the House adjourned.

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXXVII. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1872. NUMBER 132.

THE CAPITAL.

The Hostile Apaches.

MORAL PERSUASION A FAILURE.

Public Debt Reduced.

OUR RELATIONS WITH ENGLAND.

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1872.

THE HOSTILE APACHE INDIANS.

General Howard was recently sent out to pacify the hostile Apache Indians of Arizona. On his arrival there he requested General Cook to temporarily suspend hostile operations against these Indians until he had an opportunity to test the efficacy of moral persuasion. He failed to enter into any amicable arrangement with the hostile portions of the Apaches, and in a letter to General Cook withdrew his previous request for a suspension of the campaign, and advises him to take vigorous measures at once to punish hostile Apaches, whom he designates as robbers and murderers who will not be conciliated.

OUR RELATIONS WITH ENGLAND.

The Cabinet met to-day. All the members were in attendance, excepting the Attorney General. The session was continued for more than three hours, most of the time being devoted to conversation concerning our relations with England, those present expressing their concurrence in the views of the President and Senate embodied in the amended additional article to the treaty as an ultimatum to the British Government. No dispatches had been received, up to the time of adjournment, showing any changes in the relations of the two Governments.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

A falling barometer, easterly to southerly winds, cloudy weather and very probably rain will prevail on Saturday from the Ohio valley northward to westward; cloudy and threatening weather over the South Atlantic and Gulf States; clear and pleasant weather over the New England and Middle States, the wind backing to southerly and easterly, with increased cloudiness over the lower lake region; dangerous winds not anticipated.

PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS.

The two Houses have taken final action on the bill extending for three years private land claims in the States of Florida, Louisiana and Missouri. It now goes to the President for his signature. The bill will quiet titles to 1,000 homesteads.

PUBLIC DEBT REDUCTION.

The public debt statement, to be issued to-morrow, will show a reduction during May of about seven million dollars. The reduction is less than last month, owing to advanced payments on account of pensions.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

PROMPTNESS TO SAVE.

WASHINGTON, May 30, 1872.

The heroic conduct of our sailors in the harbor of Marseilles, where they saved a large amount of property from destruction by towing the burning vessel out to sea, has been favorably commented on in the European press.

According to the course pursued by Gov. Palmer, of Illinois, who, when the Government sent two companies of troops to preserve order, and to give to the unfortunate sufferers at Chicago all the aid and security they could, and when Sheridan distributed large quantities of army blankets, our soldiers and our Government were guilty of an infraction of State laws, and violent and most wild were his protests against this unwarranted interference. We would be surprised, however, if France were to appear in a similar quarrelsome spirit against the interference with national law caused by American sailors in a similar emergency, to protect and save their shipping from destruction. Yet the cases are entirely similar, with this addition, that at Chicago not all, by many, were used to protect the property of our own nation, at the request of the inhabitants and the Mayor of the city; while in France our sailors acted without formal request from any one, and in a country beyond our jurisdiction.

This comparison of the two events, brings out the shameful ingratitude, and meanness of spirit, and an anxiety to find fault with the conduct of the Federal authorities, in the most striking manner.

The citizens of Chicago did not deem it an interference, when the District of Columbia taxed itself for $60,000 for their relief, and when millions were sent to them by the contributions of the citizens of the several States.

The time will come when Gov. Palmer will himself be ashamed of the mean spirit of the part which he acted in the controversy.

NO SALE.

The defeat of the extension of the law against secret political associations in the South, in the House of Representatives on Tuesday was occasioned by the defection of a few Republicans, from some of whom better things might have been expected. As to Blair, of Michigan, who led the column, we may virtually reckon him as one of the Greeleyites, who after long hesitation has made up his mind to go over to the enemy. Mr. Blair is a gentleman of ability and we regret that he has taken this very strange course, as he has few followers in the State of Michigan. It comports with his action regarding the Secretary of the Navy.

HURRIED ADJOURNMENT.

If the House had not agreed to rescind their action of adjournment on the 29th and postpone adjournment until the 3d of June, there would have been an extra session called.

Several measures of great importance must now necessarily be abandoned, while the tariff and other important legislation will be hurried through at breakneck-pace, which will render the laws unusually defective.

I cannot conceive why there has been such great anxiety displayed on the part of Congress to adjourn. The first of July would have been amply early enough to give members time to attend to their nomination and re-election.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

We hope the civil rights bill, which passed the Senate and which received the majority vote in the House, but not the two-third majority which was necessary to take it up, will yet be passed. The measure simply provides that common carriers and tavern-keepers shall make no distinction on account of color, and serve every well behaved traveller alike.

This is but common justice, and if the Democrats and "Liberal" Republicans, so-called, choose to make an issue upon this question, we have no doubts of the result. Let us have the civil rights bill passed.

TESTING RECALCITRANTS.

Mr Butler yesterday reported the ku-klux bill anew in the House, when filibustering immediately commenced. A number of dilatory motions were made and the House adjourned without action. As opposition to the ku klux bill is made distinctively a party matter by the Democrats, it will soon be settled whether or not the republicans who voted against this measure of protection to the South, and who have been hitherto relied upon as Republicans will adhere to this course when it is known that assisting its defeat is aiding the opposition.

LIBERAL CONVENTION NO. 2.

A large number of earnest workers for the Cincinnati Convention who are disgusted with the nomination of Greeley and Brown, have called a new Liberal Convention to meet at Steinway Hall, New York to-day. From the names just published as adherents, the convention bids fair to be of greater consequence and to make a broader breach in the ranks of the Liberals than was at first anticipated.

THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION

will be very numerously attended. A large number of delegates and others have arrived in this city, and their report is exceedingly encouraging. On the whole the political horizon is unclouded, and the re-election of Grant as certain as any future event can be.

DAVIS FOR GREELEY.

Jefferson Davis has just been announced by the editor of the Memphis *Avalanche* as coming out for Greeley. He has written a letter to Wade Hampton declaring for his friends.

AGATE.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The weather throughout England is fair and favorable for the growing crops.

—At 1 A. M. James Gordon Bennett was not expected to live through the night.

—The London *Lancet* says the report of Bismarck's serious illness is unfounded.

—The schooner Velocipede, engaged in the seal fisheries, was lost. Twelve persons were drowned.

—The first trial under the new jury law, which allows jurors to sit who had read the newspapers, took place on Thursday, at Pulaski, N. Y.

—At the Diocesan Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, an amendment was adopted to the constitution to the effect that one vestry shall elect but one delegate to a Convention.

—It is reported that Senator Trumbull, ex-Senator Doolittle, Charles Sedgewick and Cassius M. Clay, have proposed to speak at the Greeley ratification meeting in New York on next Monday night.

—A Scranton dispatch states that several employes of the Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad have been arrested for embezzling the company of large sums of money during the past two years.

—Near Mossville, Peoria county, Illinois, on Wednesday night, S. Harwood, a farmer, was fatally shot by a ruffian named Ames, who fled to the woods, and although pursued by a large number of citizens, had escaped capture at last accounts.

—The Baptist National Educational Convention closed its session in Philadelphia on Thursday evening. A permanent organization was effected under the name of the American Baptist Educational Commission. Alva H. Harvey, D. D., of Massachusetts, was elected President.

—The son of Col. Taylor, Paymaster United States Army, stationed at Leavenworth, was found dead in an alley in Leavenworth on Thursday morning, shot through the head. The man last seen with Taylor was arrested on suspicion of being his murderer.

—A dispatch to the New York *Tribune* says that after hearing of Buckalew's nomination, Col. Forney wrote a letter from Washington on Thursday evening to the Philadelphia *Press*, advising the withdrawal of the Republican ticket, predicting that if it is not done it will be defeated.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

NEW YORK.

Methodist General Conference.

EDWARD STOKES' CASE.

Cotton Statement.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

Success of the Strikes.

NEW YORK, May 31, 1872.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

The first ballot for agents of the Book Concern was as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 376; necessary to a choice, 188. Of these Nelson had 180, G. M. Phillips 141, S. W. Thomas 124, and Thomas Carlton 79.

The Convention then took a recess.

Afternoon Session.—The result of the ballot for book agents was announced, as follows: Rev. Dr. R. Nelson, of Wyoming, 262; J. M. Phillips, of Cincinnati, a layman, 165. These gentlemen were thereupon declared duly elected book agents for New York city.

On motion of Mr. Ives, Dr. Erastus Wentworth was elected editor of the *Ladies' Repository* by acclamation, Dr. Macaulay having withdrawn his candidacy.

The Committee of Nine, to whom was referred a memorial from persons of New Orleans asking for the election of an additional Bishop, of African descent, in the South, presented their report. They consider it a very reasonable request, and think compliance with it will show that the Methodist Episcopal Church opens its doors to men of all colors and races. They consider that color or race is no bar to Episcopacy. Being of African descent does not prevent eligibility to hold office in the Church. The report was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Education was then taken up. It proposes, among other things, that the General Conference shall elect a Corresponding Secretary, who shall give his entire time to the educational interests of the Church and the establishment of a Bureau of Educational Statistics. Adopted.

Revs. Luke Hitchcock and J. M. Walden were elected book agents at Cincinnati, the former receiving 223 votes and the latter 220.

The Committee on Hymn Book reported that the hymn book was greatly in need of revision, and recommended that it be revised by the book editor in New York, and that he shall submit it to the Book Committee, who shall in turn submit it to the Bishops, and if approved by these authorities, it shall be published by the Book Concern. The report was not adopted. The proposition created much argument pro and con.

Report No. 2 on the Book Concern was presented. It provides for the establishment of an agency for books of the Concern at Denver and Colorado cities, and the publication of a weekly newspaper at the latter place, to be known as the *Colorado Christian Advocate*. Adopted.

The Conference adjourned.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

The coach painters are to strike on Monday for eight hours. The furniture trade are to insist on an adherence to ten hours.

The great strike continues with every prospect of success. The different organizations held large and enthusiastic meetings this morning.

The picture frame makers, who returned to work on the eight hour system, have again struck, with a view of compelling the employers, one and all, to adopt the measure.

The marble polishers are still on a strike, and as determined as ever. A great deal of enthusiasm prevailed to day among the German cabinet makers, in consequence of a very satisfactory report of the delegation appointed to interview the Governor.

The piano makers met this morning, and the workmen of Haines Bros. marched in a body to the manufactory, where they were received by the senior partner, who said: "We have concluded to yield to you for the present, reserving the right to make such changes as circumstances may from time to time suggest. On Monday our factories will open with the eight hour system for day men and twenty per cent. increase for piece work.

Messrs. Steinway are still willing to give their workmen nine hours, or increase their wages ten per cent., under the present system. Any further concession, however, is regarded as impossible, and the firm will hold out any length of time rather than yield to a demand they consider preposterous.

EDWARD STOKES' CASE.

District Attorney Garvin has received from John McKeon, counsel of Edward Stokes, a copy of interrogatories which he wishes Marcus Cicero Stanley and Dorman B. Eaton, who are now in Europe, to answer. It is very difficult for an outsider to find any connection between McKeon's questions and the murder of James Fisk, Jr. Should Judge Garvin allow the interrogatories to pass unchallenged, they will be forwarded to a lawyer in London, with authority to examine Stanley and Eaton, and send their replies, made under oath, to this city.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Receipts for the week, 17,464 bales; last year, 35,565; total, 2,316,280; last year, 3,010,820. Exports for the week, 27,885; last year, 31,476; total, 1,886,647; last year, 28,858,302. Stock at all United States ports, 204,524; last year, 230,908; at interior towns, 25,778; last year, 25,091; at Liverpool, 874,000; last year, 967,000. American afloat for Great Britain, 144,000; last year, 188,000.

THE PRICE OF BREAD.

The adjourned meeting of the master bakers to raise the price of bread, appointed for last night, was a failure, only six or seven persons being present.

READING.

Democratic Convention.

READING, May 31.—The Convention reassembled at ten o'clock this morning, and was called to order by Mr. Clymer, Democrat. The first business in order was the substitution of delegates for those who had gone home. W. H. Reel, of Allegheny, was substituted for D. W. Moore, and James Irwin for Frank M. Hutchinson.

After the roll was called, Mr. Buckalew was introduced and made a brief speech.

Mr. Coffroth, of Somerset, moved that the Convention proceed to nominate a candidate for Auditor General. Adopted.

The following nominations were made. General W. H. H. Davis, Bucks; General William McCandless, Philadelphia; Fred. M. Crane, Wayne; Wm. P. Schell, Bedford; Wm. Hartley, Bedford; Justice Temple, Green; Benjamin L. Temple, Philadelphia; Wm. Hopkins, Washington; John Lawshea, Clearfield; William Baird, Philadelphia; Levi Maist, York.

The name of J. H. Bailey was suggested, but he peremptorily declined. The name of Mr. Schell was also withdrawn.

The Convention then proceeded to vote, and the result of the ballot was announced as follows: Davis, 26; McCandless, 8; Crane, 12; Hartley, 20; Temple, of Greene, 14; Temple, of Philadelphia, 13; Maist, of York, 7; Wm. Baird, 1; whole number of votes cast, 126. There being no choice, a second ballot was ordered. Before proceeding to the second ballot, the names of Maist, Temple, of Philadelphia, Lawshea and Baird were withdrawn.

The second ballot resulted as follows: Davis, 29; McCandless, 8; Crane, 8; Hartley, 79; Temple, of Greene, 8. Hartley, having received 79 votes, was declared the nominee of the Convention.

On motion, the Convention then proceeded to nominate three Congressmen at large.

James H. Hopkins, of Washington, Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia, and Hendrick B. Wright, of Luzerne, were nominated, Mr. Wright being chosen on the second ballot.

The Convention then adjourned till two P. M.

The Convention elected the following Senatorial delegates at large to the Baltimore Convention: Gen. George W. Cass, Samuel J. Randall, Wm. A. Wallace and Phillip A. Collins.

GEORGIA.

Suicides Abroad.

AUGUSTA, May 31.—On Monday a party representing himself as Geo. Holmes went to the Georgia Railroad Bank with a letter of introduction from the New York National Bank of the Republic, and a certificate of deposit from that bank for $9,100 was cashed by the bank here. To-day a telegram from New York pronounced the letter and certificate forgeries.

On the same day another swindler, representing himself as Thomas C. Fay, presented a certificate of deposit from the Bank of the Republic to the Merchant's National Bank of Savannah, which was cashed for $9,000. The parties proceeded from Savannah to Macon, where the same game was practiced on the Central Georgia Bank to the amount of $6,500. One of the members of the gang was arrested in Macon for being drunk, which led to developments disclosing additional certificates of deposit from the Bank of Republic. The parties calling themselves Bennett and Holmes are in jail at Macon.

CHICAGO.

The Crops.

CHICAGO, May 31.—The morning papers publish reports from a large number of points in Illinois and Iowa in regard to the present prospect of the crops, from which it appears that the crops generally are backward, particularly corn, on account of the coldness of the spring, but a large area is being planted, and with fine weather henceforward, the prospects for at least an average yield is good. Wheat, particularly fall wheat, is looking badly in many localities, and in some counties they are plowing up the wheat fields and planting them in corn. This, however, occurs in some of the more northern counties of Illinois every season. Oats and other small grains are generally looking well, the former cereal promising an abundant yield.

—A fire in Tamaqua consumed eighteen dwellings and stores in Broad and Centre streets. Loss, $75,000; partially insured.

FOREIGN.

The Indirect Claims in Parliament.

GOVERNMENT QUESTIONED.

Excitement in Spain Subsiding.

POWDER EXPLOSION.

GREAT BRITAIN.

EXPLOSION OF A POWDER MAGAZINE.

LONDON, May 13.—A powder magazine exploded at Oswestry, in Shropshire, to-day. Six persons were instantly killed.

SURRENDER OF A DEFAULTER.

Fleurs, the absconding cashier of the Limerick Bank, who was supposed to have fled to America, has surrendered himself to the officers of justice.

THE INDIRECT CLAIMS.

The *Times* to-day asserts that there never has been any genuine agreement between England and America treating on the indirect claims. It cannot help thinking that if the official telegrams on the subject had been communicated directly to the Foreign Ministers of either Government, instead of being filtered through the medium of the chasm which separated them, this would have been recognized long ago. "With the correspondence before us," concludes the *Times*, "we must consider a failure of the arbitration inevitable. We may thank the American Senate for this. Had it accepted the supplemental article without amendment, our position would have been awkward."

LONDON, May 31.—In the House of Lords to-night Earl Derby urged the Government to produce the text of the supplemental article to the treaty of Washington, with the Senate's amendments. The House needed a thorough understanding of the present position of the negotiations.

Granville replied that the American Congress would adjourn on Monday. The negotiations had not yet been brought to a close; hence it would be impossible for the Government to comply with the demands of the noble Lord.

Earl Grey wished to know whether the Government would proceed with the arbitration if the indirect claims should not be withdrawn. The country, he said, regarded the situation with great alarm.

Granville declined to answer this question. He indignantly denied that the Government had involved the country in trouble.

Lord Cairns said that the Government was straining a principle in refusing to submit the documents.

The Marquis of Salisbury begged to be informed what instructions had been given to the British representative before the Geneva Board as to their action in case the American Government should not withdraw the indirect claims.

Granville again declined to answer.

Lord Westbury advised the Government to make a complete declaration.

Granville replied that the Government, was frequently favored with Westbury's advice, and suggested the impropriety of repeating questions when a warning had twice been given that the answers were at present impossible. He advised that invectives be reserved for an occasion when the Government could clear themselves from insinuations without foundation thrown on them.

In the House of Commons, in reply to Disraeli's inquiries for information, Gladstone promised to give him a satisfactory answer when the American Congress had adjourned.

SPAIN.

RESIGNATION OF SERRANO.

MADRID, May 31.—Serrano has resigned as Generalissimo of the troops operating against the Carlists in the Basque provinces. Lieutenant-General Echague has been appointed his successor.

THE EXCITEMENT SUBSIDING.

MADRID, May 31.—The excitement which was occasioned by Marshal Serrano's indirect treatment of the Carlists and the announcement that his course was sustained by the Government, has measurably subsided, and a better feeling prevails in the Cortes. It is now stated that Serrano will assume the duties of President of the Council, which, it was understood, he would do when Admiral Topete temporarily accepted the position on the formation of the Ministry. It is also probable that the resolution of censure of Serrano, which was introduced in the Cortes by Senor Zorrilla on the part of the opposition, will be withdrawn.

FRANCE.

ARRIVAL OF CARLISTS.

PARIS, May 31.—Many of the Carlist officers and soldiers who fled into France have gone to Bourges, Alava, Cabecilla, and other chiefs of bands, have reached Bayonne. They had passports signed by Serrano.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

CINCINNATI May 31.—River 9 feet; falling. Arrived.—Belle Vernon, St. Louis; J. E. Rankin, Evansville; Argosy, Pittsburgh. Departed.—Alice Dean, Memphis.

CAIRO, May 31.—Arrived—J. W. Merrill, St. Louis; Richmond, New Orleans, 4; Belle St. Louis, St. Louis, 6; Quickstep, Evansville. Departed.—Crescent City, New Orleans, 6 P. M.; Lady Lee, Red river, 1; Liberty No. 4, Pittsburgh, 4; J. W. Garrett, Pittsburgh, 4; Richmond, St. Louis, 6. River fallen 11 inches. Clear; mercury 74.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Arrived—Dexter and Mary Alice, New Orleans; Victory, Galena; Wolf, Peoria; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Julia, Vicksburg. Departed—Belle Memphis, Memphis; Westmoreland, St. Paul; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Probasco, Cincinnati; Continental, New Orleans. River falling slowly. Weather clear and pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, May 31.—Clear and warm. River falling, six inches. Down—Davenport, 10 P. M.; Wm. Cowen, 10 A. M.; Grey Eagle, 1 P. M.; Mary Ament, 3 P. M. Up—Arkansas Belle, 7 A. M.; Fayette, 9; Lawrence, 12; Allegheny Belle.

VICKSBURG, May 31.—Down—Great Republic, 10 last night. Down to-day—Celeste, 8 A. M.; John E. Howard, 9 A. M.; Mary Honston, 10 A. M. Up—Pauline Carroll, 10 A. M.; Jno. F. Toole, 2 P. M. Warm and cloudy. River rising.

MEMPHIS, May 31.—Clear and hot. River about standing. Arrived—Legal Tender, White river. Departed—City of Helena, St. Louis; Fat Cleburne, Arkansas river.

LITTLE ROCK, May 31.—The river rose 2 feet, still rising at the rate of one inch per hour; falls from 3 inches of being as high as before; still rising above.

NASHVILLE, May 31.—River falling; 30 inches on Harpeth Shoals. Weather fair and pleasant. Departed—Burkesville, for Cairo.

HARRISBURG.

The Mine Ventilation Law.

HARRISBURG, PA., May 31.—A case exciting much interest and involving the constitutionality of the mine ventilation bill, was argued to-day before the Supreme Court. The indications are favorable to the constitutionality of the law.

COAL AT CINCINNATI.

A Rival to Our Coal Men—An Operator Proposes to Regulate the Market—And Avert a Coal Famine.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Thursday contained the following communication which our coal merchants, perhaps, will peruse with interest:

To the Editor of the Commercial:

I observe that Cincinnati is again in danger of a coal famine. Having a fine coal field in Eastern Kentucky, only one hundred and fifty miles from your city, I have an offer to make to your citizens which, if accepted, will go far toward stopping the oft-recurring famines and consequent seasons of high prices.

If your people will furnish a portion of the capital, say $150,000, I will obligate myself to furnish coal fully equal to the Ashland coal, in barges for the term of 5 years at 10 cents per bushel or deliver to the houses in the city for fourteen cents per bushel, full weight, eighty pounds. In other words, I will to the extent of one thousand tons per day, or three hundred thousand tons per annum, guarantee the market not to go above the figures given.

If this offer is accepted by June 15, I will commence delivering the 1st of November next at the rate of five hundred tons per day, and within six months increase to one thousand tons per day. I will issue mortgage bonds (having a charter with power to do it) of the denominations of $100 and $1,000, to the extent of the Cincinnati subscription, and not ask one cent of the money until I am ready to deliver coal, said bonds to bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, to be redeemable at the pleasure of the company within ten years. The parties subscribing to choose two trustees, who shall examine the property and facilities for doing business, and certify to the facts before the cash is paid for the bonds, the mortgage bonds to be an only lien upon the entire property. I make this offer in good faith, and have arrangements already made with miners and men of practical experience to superintend and work the property.

Of course, to accomplish this requires a large outlay; and, as it is my expectation and intention to make the mining co-operative, I propose to carry it out to the fullest extent.

As the security I propose to give will be ample, subscribers are secure, while I will be benefited by a constant and certain market, and the use of a portion of the capital required at a fair rate of interest.

If Cincinnati really wants cheap fuel and a certain supply here is a chance; and if your people will write me, stating that they will subscribe upon these conditions, I will visit Cincinnati with specimens of coal, and perfect the arrangement. Address

W. A. DARLING,
Lock-box 128, Pittsburgh.

Ladies, Gents' and children's summer merino underwear, all qualities. A large assortment at the new stand stocking store, No. 39 Fifth avenue.

DRGLEMAN & BLACK.

Attend the sale of *large* lots at Mansfield Monday, June 3d. A free excursion train will leave the Union Depot at a quarter past eleven.

REGISTER'S REPORT.

Report for May.

The following is a statement of the business transacted at the County Register's office, during May:

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Decedent.	*Administrator.*	*Bond.*
Israel Marsh	Elvira Marsh	$ 800
Julius Kragher	Elizabeth Collman	200
Theresa Weis	Peter Weis	200
Eliza Jane King	Robert H. King	500
Samuel Scott	W. S. McVicker	600
Wm. Griffith	Elizabeth Griffith	100
Amos Holland	Enoch P. Holland	4,000
Henry Eigenrauch	Mary Eigenrauch	800
Bernan Banum	Sarah Banum	200
James C. Stewart	Archibald Stewart	40
Mary M. Squires	Samuel Kennedy	3,000
Sarah Crawford	Joseph Crawford	500
Jno. H. Boughman	Thomas Reynolds	7,000
Stephen McDonald	Annie McDonald	200
George Kerner	Margaret Kerner	2,000
Patrick Lally	Anna Lally	100
James McCabe	Michael McLurggon	15,000
John Fleming	D. L. Fleming	4,000
Jos. Jocahira	Catharine Jocahira	1,200
Richard Savery	Marie E. Salyarcles	1,000

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Deceased.	*Executors.*
John M. Williams	James P. Brown.
Lizzie McKown	Robert McKown.
Mary M. Squires	
George Heusner	Catherine Heusner.
John Cartwright	Anna Cartwright.
Helany Brunot	Felix R. Brunot.
John Jenkins	Catherine Jenkins.
Michael Grier	Jacob Sinckrath.
Rev. George Marshall	Jas. L. Marshall. Hugh L. Marshall. Thos. Martin. Jane McCracken. M. Powell. W. G. Drahrer. H. L. Marshall.
Richard Dougan	
James Powell	
Margaret Tidball	
George Kerner	
John F. Linger	
James Adams	Hugh Adams. John Hanna.

THAT RAILROAD ORDINANCE.

Joint Meeting of Committees Yesterday—A Four Hours' Session—The First Sections of the Ordinance Considered—The Important Changes—The Washington Street Vacation not yet Reached.

Yesterday afternoon the Ordinance, which has gained a distinctive designation as "the Railroad Ordinance," was considered at a joint meeting of several of the Committees of Council. The gathering was held in the room of the City Clerk, Municipal Hall, and was composed of the Street, Lanes and Bridges, and Railroad Ordinance Committees, together with City Attorney Slagle, and Messrs. Phillips, Creighton, and Pitcairn, on behalf of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

The ordinance was taken up and considered seriatim—the meeting continuing from half-past two until half-past six o'clock—yet but five sections were disposed of. These all related to the Railroad tracks in the outer districts. There were quite a number of modifications made in the ordinances, but none of them will necessitate much of a change. The two most important alterations were those, by which it was stipulated that all the bridges crossing streets should be of iron instead of wood, and that the roadway of the bridges should be of the full width of the streets over which they extended; the other alterations were of an immaterial character.

There yet remain six sections to be acted upon before the ordinance is disposed of and ready to be brought before Councils again. The main feature of the paper—the vacation of Washington and a part of Grant streets—and the proposed changes in that vicinity were not reached. The joint meeting adjourned subject to call, at an early date, for the consideration of the remaining sections.

ALLEGHENY REPUBLICAN CLUB.

Adjourned Meeting

An adjourned meeting of this club was held last evening, at headquarters, President McNeill in the chair, and Theodore Myler Secretary.

Mr. J. R. Oxley, from the Committee of Arrangements on visit to Philadelphia, reported as follows:

A band will escort the club to the depot on Monday evening next. The members will wear white caps and coats and a badge with the name of the club printed thereon. The equipments can be obtained at the rooms on Saturday evening. On motion, the report was received and the committee continued.

Mr. H. M. Long, from the Committee on Transportation reported that they had seen the officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad and that an extra car would be furnished the club and that the fare for the round trip would be ten dollars. Report received and committee continued. Some informal discussion took place, which developed the wish of those present to join the excursion, and go east on the special train on Monday evening at 8 o'clock P. M.

On motion of Mayor Callow the uniform suggested by the committee was adopted. On motion of Mr. Wm. Stewart a committee was appointed to attend to organizing glee clubs for the campaign. The Chair appointed Messrs. Stewart, Slack, Bebout, Oxley and H. Horner.

On motion of Mr. Oxley, the reporters of the city press were elected members of the club. The visitors to Philadelphia will meet at the club rooms this evening to receive their outfits. On motion adjourned.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—The attachees of the theater are to be given a benefit this evening, the play being the "Hidden Hand." A really first-class entertainment will be given and we trust a full house will greet those who have labored so assiduously for the entertainment of the public.

FIFTH AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.—Tony Pastor's popular troupe will give two entertainments to-day—this afternoon and evening. Judging from his reception last evening we can safely predict for him crowded houses to-day. His minstrel performances, while characterized by that brilliancy and humor of the African, is not attended by the coarseness which is usually met with in negro minstrels. All who would enjoy a rich entertainment should visit the Opera House.

BARNUM.—All should bear in mind that to-day is the last opportunity of seeing the great show. Thousands come away from Union Park yesterday delighted with the mammoth exhibition, and the fact of this being the last day will doubtless attract an unusually large attendance. An opportunity like the present may not soon present itself, and every one should take advantage of the occasion.

Hardware Dealers of Allegheny City.

We the undersigned Hardware Dealers of Allegheny City hereby agree to close our Hardware establishments at 7 o

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

JOSIAH KING.....S. M. LONG.
T. P. HOBSON.....S. P. HALL.
KING, REED & CO., Proprietors.

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Clubs of ten	1 15

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KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1872.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. F. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County.
SUPREME JUDGE:
ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County.
AUDITOR GENERAL:
HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. LEMUEL TODD, Cumberland.

DELEGATES AT LARGE TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION:
WM. M. MEREDITH, Philadelphia;
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, Philadelphia;
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. WM. H. KEMPER, Schuylkill;
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, Schuylkill;
H. N. M'ALLISTER, Centre;
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, Lycoming.
WILLIAM DAVIS, Monroe;
JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Lancaster;
SAMUEL F. DIMMICK, Wayne;
GEO. W. LAWRENCE, Washington;
DAVID N. WHITE, Allegheny;
W. H. ASHLEY, Lehigh;
JOHN H. WALKER, Erie.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—XXIIId DISTRICT:
JAMES S. NEGLEY, of Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—XXIVth DISTRICT:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, of Allegheny.
(Subject to District Conference.)
FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE:
JAMES P. STERRETT, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LAW JUDGE:
EDWIN H. STOWE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LEGISLATURE:
H. H. McCORMICK, 1st District, Pittsburgh.
C. E. WAINWRIGHT, 2d District, Pittsburgh.
J. D. RAMSEY, of Allegheny.
HYE SAMPLE, of Sharpsburg.
J. W. HALLANTINE, of Tempersanceville.
A. B. YOUNG, of Rochester.
J. C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins.
FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN H. HARE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF COURTS:
W. H. McCLEARY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, of Pittsburgh.
FOR RECORDER:
RALPH J. RICHARDSON, of Pittsburgh.
FOR REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
JAMES McGUNNEGLE, of Chartiers.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JAMES W. BELL, of Robinson.

DELEGATES TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

THOMAS MACCONNELL,	J. W. F. WHITE,
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE,	MATTHEW EDWARDS,
THOMAS EWING,	THOMAS HOWARD.

Bonds Frankfort at 96¼.

Petroleum at Antwerp 44f.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 114¾.

"Why will our neighbor be so long in discovering our virtues?"—*Post.*

Verily, neighbor, we have to give up the conundrum, but will propound another of like nature. Why does it take so much time to find a needle in a hay-stack?

William S. Moore, Esq., the accomplished editor of the Washington *Reporter*, is to be a candidate for Congress in the Twenty-fourth District. He would make a most excellent and trustworthy representative, as he is a gentleman of large ability and unblemished character.

The *Commercial* has taken the sober second thought, and placed the name of General Negley where it ought to be on the Republican ticket. The smallness of the meanness which prompted the intended slight on our Representative, was too contemptible; and we are really glad to find the "flopper," even, ashamed of it.

"The folks who make the loudest professions are not always the most sincere.—*Post.*

Which means that our contemporary was not earnest in the support of Cass, or in opposition to Greeley, although very loud in its professions in both directions. Consistency, thou art a jewel not worn by the *Post.*

Will our neighbors of the *Dispatch* tell us who William R. Buckalew is? they appear to know he is an uncommon fine gentleman. We never before heard of him. They are quite mistaken when they state that he has been nominated for Governor, by the Democracy. Charles R. Buckalew, of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, has received that distinction, according to our advices.

Those choice cullings on General Cass, taken from these columns, and hoarded up by our Wood street neighbor, alas! need not now be used. We no longer have any fear of being hurt by the "firing off" of that "ammunition" promised to be sent home from the deadly howitzer of our sweet neighbor. Keep those bullets in soak, good friend, for Cass *may be* happy yet as a candidate.

The movement in the Senate to have appointed a committee to inquire into the condition of the laboring people of the country, the wages question, their social position, and their relative attitude with the employers, is a just and wise one, particularly so at this time while strikes are in progress all through the country. It would be well enough to know how the working people stand and what cause they have for complaint and dissatisfaction.

In view of the concession to Allegheny County of the nomination of the third additional Congressman at large on the State Republican, the friends of Hon. P. C. Shannon urge strongly that he should have the honor. He is a man of great worth, educated thoroughly, of ripe experience as a lawyer and legislator, and an orator with few superiors in the country. If elected he would prove a credit to our district, to the State, and to Congress.

Jeff Davis now comes to the front and in the *role* of a supporter of Horace Greeley, who so nobly assisted him in the hour of trial. Well, to say the least, this is an exhibition of gratitude on the part of Mr. D. He could not well desire the man who went his bail, but it might be well to ask if the support of the ex-quasi President in the South will not alienate many friends from the old philosopher in the North? We think so. It will go mighty hard with most people in this section to row in the same boat with the rebel chieftain.

The colored voters of Philadelphia have organized a Grant club, and it is expected that fully two thousand will enroll themselves as members. This is splendid evidence how they will go next November all over the country. They are too grateful to forget who fought the battle which gave freedom and civil equality to all their race. Mr. Greeley had hoped to receive this element of strength, but by this time he must know that his hope was in vain. All through the country the colored people are marshaling for Grant.

Some surprise was occasioned in journalistic circles here yesterday by the General Conference of the M. E. Church making a change in the editorial management of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, by which Rev. S. H. Nesbitt D. D., retires and Rev. Wm. Hunter, D. D., ascends the tripod. Dr. Nesbitt has held the position for the past twelve years, during which time he has lifted the *Advocate* from a losing, to a satisfactorily remunerative basis and has withal established a reputation as a vigorous trenchant writer, and an able editorial manager, not excelled by any in the Church; but having held the position four years longer than has heretofore been the rule, he at last has fallen under the inexorable law of rotation in office. None will regret the change, personally, more than those of the journalistic fraternity among whom he has held a high and enviable place and in dropping out of the ranks, he bears with him the highest esteem and good will of all his former associates.

The new editor, Rev. Dr. Hunter, for many years was one of the faculty of Allegheny College, and is regarded as one of the best writers and most finished classical scholars in the Church. In former years he held this editorship, and went from it to the College. For a year or so past he has been engaged in pastoral work, filling some of the most important positions in the Pittsburgh Conference. If a change must be made, no better successor to Dr. Nesbitt could have been chosen.

General Charles E. Perry, U. S. Consul at Aspinwall, called at our office yesterday, and related to us the details of the sailing of the steamer Virginius from that port recently, followed by the Spanish war vessel Pizarro, and consorted by the U. S. Man-of-war Kansas. The Virginius is an American vessel, and is supposed to have been landing materials on the island of Cuba, in the interests of the insurgents. The Spanish ship Pizarro, followed her into port, and claimed her as a prize. Consul Perry extended the protection of the U. S. flag to the crew of the Virginius, as her papers were all regular and no evidence whatever existed to prove that she had been engaged in the service of the Cuban insurgents. The Pizarro waited many months outside the harbor of Aspinwall, until the arrival of the U. S. war vessel Kansas, when Consul Perry gave clearance papers to the Virginius, and she sailed under convoy of the American man-of-war. An attack was looked for, but after running twenty-five miles to sea, closely followed by the Spanish war ship the Captain of the Virginius stated that he no longer feared the Pizarro, as he could out-sail her. The Kansas then returned to Aspinwall, the Pizarro to Cuba and the Virginius to New York. The conduct of Commander White of the American vessel, and of Consul Perry is approved by the Navy and State Departments at Washington, and both gentlemen are highly commended for their prudence and courage. The Pizarro was clearly in the wrong, and our Consul acted wisely in protecting her. The people of Aspinwall are loud in their praise of the Americans.

OUR CONDOLENCE.

The "organ" of General Cass in this city was as dumb as an oyster, editorially, yesterday, on the nomination of Senator Buckalew as Democratic candidate for Governor. The truth of the matter was, as we guess it, that the editor before leaving the city had prepared a lengthy panegyrical article on his favorite candidate, whom he confidently trusted would receive the nomination; but when the dubious honor fell upon Mr. Buckalew, the aforesaid article would not suit the altered circumstances, and it was too late then to produce another. We told our neighbor on the morning of the fatal day, that the nominee would not be General Cass, but McCalmont or Buckalew, and he ought to have prepared his article on one or both of these, or, in order to be doubly sure, on all three. In that event the noticeable vacancy in his columns would not have occurred. A friend at our elbow remarks, viciously, that there was plenty of time for the "recognized and responsible" editor to have prepared an article on "our candidate," as all the other city papers noticed him editorially; but so great was the depression in spirits in consequence of the terrible disappointment "the only" people had suffered, through the defeat of their favorite, that it was necessarily impossible to get up the requisite steam.

We are sorry for our Wood street friends, indeed we are, but we earnestly hope they will not permit their grief to wholly depress and prostrate them, as their influence is needed to insure the success of their other favorite at Baltimore. We do hope that a second defeat is not in store for them; but should their cup of misery be poured so full, and Col. Scott not make the national Democratic landing, we ardently hope that their afflictions will be nobly tempered by the adoption of Horace Greeley as the Democratic lamb. This will do much to cheer up the *Post* people, as their love for the "white coated philosopher" of the *Tribune* has been unalloyed since the trip of the latter to Richmond in hunt of somebody to bail.

Patience, dear friends, "it is always darkest just before day," and your present sad afflictions may be followed by a perfect hearts-ease, such as we have intimated above. The slaughter of Cass may be attoned for, to a great extent, by the adoption of Greeley at the Monumental City. Let us hope for this, and then will the countenance of our neighbors of "the only" again reflect the peace and joy within. And all will be serene.

"Oh! ever thus from childhood's hours
We've seen our fondest hopes decay.

FORNEY'S TELEGRAM.

On hearing of the nomination by the Democratic Convention, of Buckalew for Governor, it is said that John W. Forney, of the Philadelphia *Press*, telegraphed to his managing editor to peremptorily demand the withdrawal of the name of Hartranft from the Republican State ticket, averring that certain defeat awaits him and the party if he remains in the field. It is hard to believe that Forney did any such silly thing, and yet in his bitter hostility to Hartranft, manifested all along in the columns of the *Press*, he may have lost his equilibrium of temper and prudence, and so telegraphed. Either friendship for, or groundless fear of Buckalew, inspired the message. We have never been very enthusiastic over our candidate for Governor; our choice laid in a different direction; but he was fairly nominated, and is now entitled to the hearty and cordial support of all good Republicans and in the Gazette he shall have it. To haul down our banner now just as the enemy have organized and taken the field to give us battle, would be moral cowardice of the worst and most disgraceful character. We want no such political tactics; the party cannot afford to make exhibition of groundless fright at this late stage of the campaign, and Forney can cry out as loudly as he pleases, for a withdrawal of the leader of the ticket, but his cries will find no echoing response from the masses of Republicans. Better suffer defeat in the end than show the white feather at the beginning of the battle. We have no cause for alarm. Buckalew is a good man in his way, but an anti-progressive one. The people may admire him, but they cannot cleave to him so far as to lift him out of his retiracy to place him in the high and important office of Governor of this great Commonwealth. He is no more popular than Hartranft, and no stronger as a candidate—which truth will, we hope, be fully demonstrated next October at the ballot-box—then, in the name of decency, why pull down any name to please the erratic and self-conceited Philadelphia editor, whose late course has done more to damage the cause of Republicanism in this State than any other agency we can recall to mind. So far as his influence went he helped to elect the immaculate McClure to the State Senate, a blow given the party from the effects of which it may not rally for years to come. He has disturbed the harmony existing in the Republican ranks of Philadelphia, and under the false name of reform hurt the cause of Republicanism throughout the State. Yet, in the face of all these things, it is *he* who issues his imperial ukase almost ordering down the name of a candidate put up by the will of the majority of the voters of the Commonwealth, as represented by the Convention which nominated him. His impertinence deserves a stinging rebuke, and, if we mistake not, he will receive it. "Stick" is a good word in war and politics, and the Republicans of the State address it to their candidate for Governor. Let him stand and give battle. It is better to be defeated than to show cowardice the moment the foe moves forward.

"CONSISTENCY A JEWEL."

Editors Gazette: There is truth in our caption, but *truth itself* is a still more precious jewel. In this I hope T. G. and I will agree, however far we may differ about our Covenants. In the No. for June of the "R. P. & C." we are, with the usual charity, represented as "described by our Saviour," p. 184. We believe it is but seldom that controversalists apply to their opponents the characterisics of Christ's malicious enemies.

But to the charge brought "inconsistency."

In the bond framed in 1855 the mentioning of Popery, Prelacy, &c., was certainly redundant, because it proposed to be *a renovation of our Covenants.* We now go further, and aver that it was "a vain repetition," and in this we have the concurrence of Rev. T. Sproul, distinctly enunciated in his "Sermon on Covenanting," published in 1841. We ask no stronger language than this. "The church never will renew her covenants aright until she embraces in her obligation all the attainments sworn in the covenants, National and Solemn League. *This was done* in the renovation at Auchensaugh, Scotland."

Now, I ask, did the covenanters at Auchensaugh *write over again* our covenants when they were *before* their eyes? No, they betrayed no such stupidity. They renewed the covenants themselves; and I suppose they never so much as thought of framing a new covenant. But besides what has already appeared in print by their own showing, our brethren in Pittsburgh (1871) must still remember such sentiments as the following, uttered in the most public manner among them by one of themselves: "It is of no use to tell our people any longer that this is a renewal of the British covenants. It is a new covenant as American covenant, &c." Now, since the impression of some at the time was, that they were about to renew the British covenants, and the fact was otherwise; the man who thus undeceived them ought to have at least the credit of honesty among his brethren, seeing that the bond itself, and the declared aim of those who framed and swore it was, to have a "new covenant" the Committee of the Reformed Presbytery were fully justified in pointing out, and testifying against the "unfaithfulness and ambiguity" of the "American Covenant." Surely so much may be affirmed by others, when some of themselves aver that "some of the cardinal principles of the Reformation are omitted." All these principles were embodied in our covenants as sworn at Auchensaugh. That was a real renovation. The transaction in Pittsburgh, 1871, was a real renunciation of some of their cardinal principles." Of this lamentable truth there are many living witnesses, among whom Rev. T. Sproul's will be ranked, whenever his "German on Covenanting" shall be read by intelligent Covenanters.

Yes "consistency is a jewel," while truth is more precious still.

P. S. The appropriation of the article, "Our Present Position," is at once a bold plagiarism and gross deception. —R. P. C.

THE CROPS.

How They Look Over the Country.

The crops in Utah are all in splendid condition.

Macoupin county, Illinois, anticipates a bountiful oat crop.

Some fields in the vicinity of Jamesville, Illinois, are headed out.

In the southern part of Indiana the wheat crop is already headed out.

The corn of Georgia promises better than the cotton, although probably both will turn out excellent crops.

The Bedford, Iowa, *Southwest* says that wheat never looked as well in Taylor county at this season of the year as it does this spring.

In the vicinity of Anna, Illinois, strawberries are looking finely. Apples, peaches, pears, cherries and grapes never promised better crops than now.

Army worms have made their appearance in large numbers in the fields near Jacksonville, Illinois, and are cutting down the meadows and young corn.

The rain has been very copious throughout Minnesota, and reports come from all sections that crop prospects were never better, especially wheat and grass.

Hops in Wisconsin, as stated in previous reports, are generally looking well, and are receiving good attention. Some new yards are being planted in Sauk county.

A correspondent at Schoolcraft, Michigan, says: There is a good prospect of an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit, the trees being now in bloom and covered with blossoms.

The Appleton, Wis., *Post* says the winter wheat never looked better at this time of year in Outagamie county than at present. A bountiful harvest is confidently anticipated.

The farmers of Marion county, Illinois tell the Salem *Advocate* that the chinch bugs have attacked the growing wheat in large numbers, and seriously injured many of the fields.

The wheat in Benton county, Illinois, is heading out beautifully, and gives promise of an abundant yield, although the farmers are beginning to complain of the ravages of the chinch bug.

The Cedar Rapids, Iowa *Times* says: The prospects for an abundant fruit crop in this vicinity this season is indeed flattering. Both wild and cultivated fruit trees are laden with bloom.

The Beloit, Wisconsin, *Free Press* says: From every section we hear that spring grain never looked more promising than it does at present. The recent rains in this vicinity have given vegetation a vigorous start, and with a favorable season for growing crops, we can hardly fail of an abundant harvest.

A gentleman traveling through Texas writes under date of May 14th, as follows: "During the last few months I traveled over many of the best wheat growing counties in Texas, viz: McLennan, Hill, Ellis, Johnson, Parker, Tarrant, Dayton, Dallas, Collin, Grayson, Navarro, Ellis, Kaufman and others. I have not seen nor heard of a single crop of inferior wheat. The general impression among all the farmers is that they have never seen finer crops. Other small grain crops are equal to the wheat, and corn and cotton look well."

The fruit crop of this region, says the Cumberland (Md.) *News*, promises to be an abundant one. All the trees are full with the young fruit, even apricots, which so frequently fail, are sure to yield well this season. A little thinning of fruit will aid materially in regulating the prices of grain, and since the late rains the now promising appearance of all grain and grass crops is cheering to those who have to buy any or all of these productions, and famine prices are no longer threatening.

The St. Louis *Republican* publishes the following prediction:

The years 1847 and '48 were years of great famines in Ireland, and short crops also nearly in Europe. During those years I dealt largely in wheat and corn. At first I made money, but on the 1st of June there was a great decline in all foreign markets. It was said to be caused by new vegetables in all the markets, and there were very numerous in those years among produce dealers. Therefore, look out; there will be a great change within thirty days.

—MEMORY.

A correspondent says: "At the present writing we cannot form a trustworthy estimate of the amount of wheat Tennessee may have to export, but, as in several former years, we expect to receive a considerable supply from there. She has not, probably, raised this year more than her own mills will grind during the year, but as they cannot buy it all up and hold it for their wants, and the owners of it will be in haste to get it to market before the price falls much, we expect to note pretty free arrivals of it during the next ninety days, though during the coming winter Tennessee millers may be sending their orders for wheat to this market, as usual."

The *Miner's Journal*, Schuylkill county, Pa., says: "The prospect for an abundant crop of almost all kinds of fruit are better now than for a number of years past. Peaches, apricots, plumbs, pears and apples have passed safely through the winter, escaped the Spring frosts and are generally loaded with fruit. Grapes and raspberries seem to have suffered seriously during the winter. Many old grape vines are entirely killed and many more seriously damaged. Raspberry canes have suffered serious injured and many of the tenderer varieties where they have not been protected have been entirely killed.

The Labor of Deciding.

The great labor of life, that which tends more to exhaust men than anything else, is deciding. There are people who will suffer any other pain readily, but shrink from the pain of coming to a decision. Now, this is supposed to be wholly an evil and disadvantageous thing for the world; but, like most other tendencies of the human mind, it is a very beneficent arrangement. There would be no stability in the world if the making of decisions were not a difficult thing. What was decided yesterday would be upset today; and there would be no long and fair experience of anything. Whereas, in the present state of human affairs, even if a great evil exists, and many people have recognized this evil, it requires an immense amount of decision and decisiveness before the evil can be uprooted. This brings into play many high qualities of human nature, such as long-suffering patience with opponents, and the exhaustion of reasoning powers brought to bear upon the evil which is sought to be destroyed.

That girl who has been so long living on nothing in Springfield, still confines herself to that inexpensive diet, and it is said to be in a very plump condition. The city physician gave her a spoonful of beef tea six weeks ago, and she is not hungry for another sip yet. This case ought to be of great interest to political economists, and if it should aid in solving the problem of living without eating, it would eliminate a great many difficulties from the management of taxation and public interest.

Oil, in paying quantities was recently struck at Osage Mission, Kansas, at a depth of ninety feet, and a company has been organized with a capital of $150,000 to prosecute the business.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Boots of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Bahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

THE GIANTS OF THE TURF.

Longfellow and Harry Bassett in the Monmouth Cup Race.

[From the Missouri Republican.]

The forthcoming race at Long Branch for the Monmouth Cup, announced for the second day of the July meeting, promises to be one of unusual interest, and will doubtless mark a memorable epoch in the history of the American turf. There are twelve nominations for the Cup, all good and tried horses of unsullied pedigrees. Without enumerating the several entries, it will be sufficient to refer, in this connection, to two of the most prominent names—Col. D. McDaniels' ch. c. Harry Bassett, and John Harper's br. h. Longfellow—both of which are of the number, and among those that (barring accidents) will be certain to start in the race.

In point of pedigree it would be difficult to determine which of the two has the priority. Both are descended from a long line illustrious ancestry, and from the time they were two-year olds, each has had the care and tuition of an experienced trainer. In their several performances, all of which, with but an occasional exception, have been remarkable, each, has exhibited a marvelous degree of endurance, nerve force, muscular power, and indomitable courage. Fear is not known to them, and it would not be hazarding to much too assert that, if pushed beyond their powers of endurance, rather than quail they would expend their last effort, and die in the attempt, martyrs to their unflinching pluck. With such material, therefore, it is fair to suppose that the approaching race for the Monmouth cup will be an extraordinary one. That it will be witnessed by, and awaken the enthusiasm of thousands, is generally admitted; and that it will be hotly contested, inch by inch, and end with a faster time record than any preceding race on the American turf, it is also fair to infer.

In reviewing some of the marked events that have signalized and given character to the American turf, we are reminded of four of the most remarkable, each of which, in turn, became an epoch in its history. These were the ever memorable contests between Eclipse and Henry, Gray Eagle and Wagner, Boston and Fashion, and Peytonia and Fashion, to say nothing of Lexington's famous four mile race against time at New Orleans. These incidents will ever live perennial in the memory of those who enjoyed the rare opportunity of witnessing them, and so powerful was the impression they created at the time that gray-haired old men, tottering on the verge of the grave, recur to them with pleasure.

It is almost certain that the race for the Monmouth Cup at Long Branch will add a fifth epoch to the annals of the American turf, and that Bassett and Longfellow, as contestants for the honor, will be instrumental in eclipsing the glories of its past history.

A Marriage Factory.

The "office for Marriages," started in London by some foreign speculators, says a correspondent of the Chicago *Journal* appears, I regret to say, to be thriving. The firm has just put out a series of circulars and advertisements, and also a wonderful collection of testimonials. They profess to be specially proud of a case, in which the bridegroom was the Chancellor of the Prussian Consulate at Belgrade. This personage writes to the author of his happiness.

Belgrade, Dec. 7, 1869.

Gentlemen: In reply to your honored letter I beg to announce that I several weeks ago was married to Lady Von Timoni. My wife is a very excellent person, and I am quite satisfied, and, therefore, I thank you again. As soon as I shall receive her dowry, I shall make my thanks more substantial. Assuring you of our highest mutual esteem, I remain, yours obediently, Sabarth.

In other cases, however, these swindlers print statements which militate against them, inasmuch as they are exposures of persons who, having, it is alleged, been brought together by the firm, subsequently refused to pay the commission agreed upon. There is a "Lady Principal," and correspondence is carried on in all languages. "To remove," says the Principal, "all hesitation on the part of families who may desire to see their daughters suitably settled in life, but who are often deterred by feelings of delicacy from applying for the required opening, I beg to state most emphatically that only persons of the strictest purity in every sense are permitted to avail themselves of our meditation, and that all our clients, before they can be received, are bound to give evidence of character in writing of their respectability and of the integrity of their intentions; so that, in every respect, the greatest propriety, the strictest delicacy, and the most implicit discretion can be guaranteed without the least restriction." To this institution, we are further told, is constantly receiving flattering proposals from "gentlemen in the civil and military services at home and abroad, merchants, literary men, gentlemen of high positions of every degree, clergymen, well-to-do proprietors, barristers and solicitors, Judges, Professors, and from the comfortable citizens upward to the Baron, the Count, and the Prince, —and these so varied, that the wishes of every lady of the higher middle ranks, as well as of the higher aristocracy, can be perfectly satisfied with regard to position and means."

Several gentlemen are at present open to the highest bidder.

Sickness of Forty Years' Duration Cured.

The cure related below is one of a very remarkable kind, on account of its long duration, and is well worthy of the attention of all those who may be afflicted with chronic disease of any kind, showing clearly that all such cases can be cured. It is that of Jacob Wagner, a respectable farmer, aged 63 years, of New Sewickley township, who has been in gradually failing health for a period of about forty years. The disease manifested itself by a continued cough and a wasting state of health, which, about the beginning of last October, culminated in an attack which showed that the lungs were becoming seriously affected. Mr. Wagner, in this state of his case, applied to Dr. Keyser, of this city, who, by a system and medicine of a restorative kind, has completely cured him and restored him to a state of health to which he has been a stranger for many long and weary years. His cure is thorough and complete, and evinces an amount of skill and perseverance in the treatment of such cases, by Dr. Keyser, which is rarely if ever attained in a life time. The cure was chiefly effected by Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, and is another of the many instances of the wonderful restorative power of that medicine, in the cure of every disease of long standing, especially those in which the pulmonary organs and the blood are deteriorated.

Dr. Keyser's office is at 167 Liberty street, in the rear of his Drug Store, from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 until 6 P. M., and on Saturday's at night. "A Treatise" on Lung Diseases sent wherever it is wanted.

A WHOLESOME STIMULANT THAT IS ABSOLUTETY PURE.

Physicians throughout the world agree as to the necessity for diffusive stimulants in medical practice, but complain, and with good reason, of the impossibility of obtaining them pure. The difficulty here presented would be a serious one indeed, if the cases of agents was limited to the adulterated liquors and wines of trade. It vanishes, however, when the absolute purity and extraordinary restorative properties of Hostetter's Bitters are taken into consideration. As a stimulant the article is absolutely free from every thing objectionable; but this is only one of its recommendations. If it were nothing more than an excitant, its effects would be fleeting. It might refresh and revive the system for a few minutes, but could produce no permanent benefit. The stimulating elements of the Bitters is a means, not an end. The tonic, anti-bilious, depurative and aperient vegetable juices combined in the preparation are the agents that impart strength regularly to the weakened and disordered organization, the spirituous vehicle being chiefly used in diffusing their influence through the system, and otherwise facilitating their operation. Alcohol, even in its purest form, is not so much a medicine as a motive power, by which the specifics of the vegetable kingdom may be brought to bear upon the debilitated and disordered organs that require renovating and regulating; and it is in this way that the pure essence of rye incorporated in Hostetter's Bitters increases the efficiency of the purely medical ingredients.

SARATOGA AT HOME.
Why go to Saratoga when you can go to
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth streets.

OPPOSITE WOOD STREET.

Buyers are Invited to Call.
ap18:d41

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!!

Macrum & Carlisle,

NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
HAVE OPENED A LARGE LOT OF
Plain Parasols,
Ruffled Parasols,
Fringed Parasols,
Pongee Parasols,
WITH PLAIN AND TOURIST STICKS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Silk Parasols
AND
LACE PARASOL COVERS.
A good line, all sizes, of
SUN UMBRELLAS.
Every article at Very Low Prices.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
27 Fifth Avenue.
my25-TTHS

PEERLESS
Clothes Wringer!
BEST WOOD FRAME
MOULTON
PATENT ROLLS.
TIP-TOP
Clothes Wringer!
BEST IRON FRAME.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
QUEEN CITY WRINGER CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

$1,000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR. KING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents, 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
my2:199-TTHS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

Dress Goods.

A FULL LINE OF
Striped and Plain Japanese Silks,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
Black and Colored Silks, Black Hernanis, Japanese Cloths and Dolly Varden Chintzes,
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
H. J. LYNCH,
96 MARKET STREET.
my18

STRAY COW.—A STRAY COW FOUND running at large in Allegheny City was taken charge of by the CHIEF OF POLICE.
The Owners can have the same by calling at the MAYOR'S OFFICE and paying charges.
my29:2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIALTIES
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
AT 25 CENTS, ONE CASE
Yosemite Stripes and P. K.'s
On Counter, a great Bargain.
AT 28, 31, 33, 40 AND 50 CENTS,
Japanese Silks.
AT 12½ CENTS.
SUMMER DRESS GOODS.
AT 12½, 15, 18¾ AND 25 CENTS,
Striped Grenadines
AT 8½ CENTS,
FAST COL'D PRINTS,
Best Quality—Slightly Imperfect.
AT 37½ AND 50 CENTS,
Men's Calico Shirts.
AT 50 CENTS,
Ladies' Kid Gloves,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.
NEW SPRING GOODS.

We take great pleasure in informing the ladies of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that we have just opened a very large and well selected stock of Spring Goods. These Goods were selected with great care, and are of the very latest style. Our stock of

BLACK SILKS
Japanese Silks,
ALPACAS,
DOLLY VARDENS
IN CHOICE STYLES,
MOHAIRS
AT OLD PRICES.
Shawls and Scarfs,
LINENS, TOWELS,
Prints, Cassimeres,

And in fact a Complete Assortment of Housekeeping Goods and Dress Goods, new and fresh, are large and cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Cor. of Market St. and Fourth Ave.

Remember, we have removed from 21 Fifth avenue to the large Dry Goods House, corner of Fourth avenue and Market street, where we will be pleased to see our friends.

C. Arbuthnot. W. T. Shannon. J. G. Stephenson.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS,
OFFER
Best Stock in the City
AT
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES,
AT THEIR
NEW STORE,
Nos. 239 and 241 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE WOOD STREET.
Buyers are Invited to Call.
ap18:d41

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!!

Macrum & Carlisle,

NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
HAVE OPENED A LARGE LOT OF
Plain Parasols,
Ruffled Parasols,
Fringed Parasols,
Pongee Parasols,
WITH PLAIN AND TOURIST STICKS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Silk Parasols
AND
LACE PARASOL COVERS.
A good line, all sizes, of
SUN UMBRELLAS.
Every article at Very Low Prices.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
27 Fifth Avenue.
my25-TTHS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
AT 10c PER YARD, ONE CASE
Real Hernani.
AT 50 CENTS,
BLACK MOHAIR LUSTRE,
A Great Bargain.
SUITS! SUITS!
Ladies' Suits,
Misses' Suits,
Children's Suits,
Shawls! Scarfs!
A Large Stock of all kinds of
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
FANS! FANS!
AT
Very Low Prices,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.
DAILY ADDITIONS!
OF
FINE DRESS GOODS
AT
BOGGS & BUHL'S.

Tinted Japanese Poplins, at 15 cents, very best cloth, same as is selling everywhere at 25c.
Square Mesh Black Hernanis, at 10c.
Bargains in Black Hernanis, half silk.
Black Grenadines, Silk and Wool.
Black Grenadines striped and Plain.
Silk Striped Grenadines at 10c.
Fine Plain Poplins in elegant styles at 25c.

"Seeing is believing" that our stock of
Japanese Silks
consists of greater variety and better Cloths for the price than any in the market. Price 25c to $1 00

LADIES' SUITS
in White, Buff, Drab, Striped Seersucker, &c., from $4 50 up.

Having made arrangements to receive Suits semi-weekly during the season, our stock will at all times be found attractive with goods fresh, clean and in good order.

Tourist Parasols.
Silk Sun Umbrellas, with and without Tourist Handles. Call and examine.

BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal St., Allegheny.
my29-TTHSM

INVESTMENT
SECURITIES.

To all seeking investment, combining large profit with abundant security, we offer and recommend the first mortgage 7-30 Gold Bonds of the North Pacific Railroad Company.

They have thirty years to run, and bear interest at the rate of 7-3-10 per cent. in gold.

Many holders of 5-20s are exchanging them for Northern Pacifics, and thereby **Increasing their Annual Income Nearly One-Third.**

The highest current rate will be paid for all marketable securities received in exchange.

The Company is now offering for sale to settlers and colonies Three Million Acres if its Lands in Minnesota, and a large area on the Pacific coast will soon be placed on the Market. Many Thousand acres have already been sold. The proceeds of land sales constitute a SINKING FUND for the First Mortgage Bonds, and the Bonds are at all times convertible at 1-10 into the Company's Lands at market prices.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
Financial Agents North Pacific Railroad.

These bonds are for sale by the following agents in Pittsburgh:

PEOPLE'S SAVING BANK,
MASONIC SAVINGS BANK,
WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,
N. HOLMES & SON,
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.

With entire confidence I recommend these Bonds to the public.

J. K. MOORHEAD,
General Agent Pittsburgh District.
my18:r33-s&w

TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Miller's Screw Can,
Patented March, 1868.
The best and cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax. This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for sample. All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.

D. MILLER & CO.,
109 and 111 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
my29:r87

REMOVAL.

TATE, MUNDEN & TATE, Practical Plumbers and Gas Fitters, having removed from 227 Liberty street, to their new building, 313 Liberty street, opposite Smithfield street, take this opportunity of th

FINANCIAL.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,
BANKERS,
78 Fourth Avenue,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders executed for the purchase and sale of STOCKS at the New York Stock Board.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
BANKERS.
We offer for sale the following Local Securities at Par and Accrued Interest:
Pittsburgh City Water Bonds, 7 Per cent. Interest;
Pittsburgh Penn Avenue Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Ormsby Borough Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Birmingham Market Bonds, 8 per cent. Interest.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

GEORGE B. HILL & CO.,
BROKERS AND DEALERS IN
BONDS, STOCKS AND MORTGAGES.
Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.
Collections made.
Cor. Third Avenue and Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
Buy and sell all kinds of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,
On Most Favorable Terms.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, May 31, 1872.

The cheerful feeling in local money circles, noticed in yesterday morning's paper, continues. The banks are accumulating capital, with a decrease in the demand for accommodation: consequently the eagerness for getting good paper is growing greater daily, and instead of the favor being on the side of those who have money to loan, the compliment now comes from those that have use for money and who can give satisfactory security and are known to be prompt in arranging for their paper or paying it off, if desired, at maturity.

The generous rains that have fallen the past ten days very much increase the confidence of business men in all directions. From all quarters throughout the country the report comes that the crops are doing well, and the assurance from present appearances, is that there will be no lack in the approaching harvest, of not only the necessaries, but also the luxuries that mother earth is wont to provide for her children.

The coal men, although not as cheerful as they might be, are not without hope of getting another run of boats to ports below before the fourth of July.

The trade of the city generally is fully up to that of any previous year at the close of the Spring months. With the ending of May, so far as trade and finance are concerned, there is but little complaint, and the harmonious aspect, as the spring of 1872 bids its final adieu and passes from existence, is promising of a summer and autumn of unwonted prosperity. The political agitation incident to a Presidential election has heretofore to a great extent interfered with business; but this country is becoming so great that even a Presidential election can do but little in the way of disturbing its equilibrium. The Convention that meets in Philadelphia on the 5th inst. will no doubt act so wisely as to prevent any apprehensions of disaster, not only to the ship of State, but also to the financial relations of the Government and the people.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., Brokers, cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph.

	Wednesday	Friday.
Bonds—1881	119¾	119¾
5-20—1862	114	113¾
" 1864	113¾	113¾
" 1865	115¼	114¾
" 1865 new	116¼	116¼
" 1867	117⅝	117⅝
" 1868	117¼	117
10-40s	112¼	112
Gold	114¾	114
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	96¾	97
Do Scrip	91¾	93¾
Harlem	120	120¾
Erie	64⅞	65¾
Fort Wayne	75	98
Cleveland & Pittsburgh		93¾
Rock Island	110¾	110¾
Union Pacific	83⅝	83¾
Ohio & Mississippi	46¾	46¾
Pacific Mail	74¾	75
West. Union Telegraph	74⅜	75
Adams Express	90	90
American Express	78	76
U. S. Express	82½	81
Wells Fargo	95	85

—Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

	Wednesday.	Friday.
Penna. Central	58¾	58¾
Penna. Allotments	57½	58¼
Reading R. R.	69¾	69
Camden & Amboy	126	126
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R	38	38
Central Trans.	46¾	46¾
Empire Transportation	84	84
Union Transportation	80	81
Pittsburgh City 5's	75½	75½
A. V. R. R. 7-30's	95¾	95¾
Lehigh Valley R. R.	59¾	59¾
Philadelphia & Erie	28	28

Closing quotations as received by James T Brady & Co:

Gold	114¾	U. S. 6s, 1881	117⅝
U. S 5-20s, '62	113¾	U. S. 5-20s, '64	113¾
U. S. 5-20s, '65	114¾	5-20 Jan & Jy '65	114
4-20 Jan & Jy '67	117¼	5-20 Jan & Jy '68	117½

NEW YORK, May 31, 1872.

Gold dull and steady all day at 114¾. Loans from 4 to 1 per cent. for carrying. Clearings, $22,000,000. Bids for Government gold, four and a half millions at 113.90 to 114.10. Awards, $2,000,000, at 113.94 to 114.15. Governments dull at about ¼ to ¼ lower than on Wednesday last. State bonds quiet; Tennessees steady and Missouris firm. Money easy and offered at 4 this afternoon, with no takers. Stocks opened steady at yesterday's noon prices, with the exception of Erie, which was about 1 per cent. lower; the market continued strong down to 1 P. M., when there was a slight decline, but after the second call the market rallied and gained strength during the afternoon, although it was not very active; the closing prices show an advance as follows: N. Y. Central, 97; Erie, 65¾ per cent.; Western Union, ¾; Pacific Mail, ¾; Northwestern 1½; Lake Shore, ¾; Rock Island, ¾; Ohios, ½; market closed quiet but very strong.

Sterling exchange 109½.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons '81, 119¾; 5-20's of '62, 113¾; do '64, 113¾; do '65, 114¾; new '65, 116¼; do '67, 117¼; do '68, 117; 10-40's, 112; currency 6s, 117; new 5s, 112¾.

STATE BONDS.—Mississippi, 96¼; Tennessees, old 72¾; new, 72¾; Virginia, new, 53; old, 48; North Carolina, old, 30; new, 29.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 75¾; Quicksilver, 33; Adams Express, 90; Wells, Fargo & Co., 87; American M. U., 76; United States, 81; Pacific Mail, 75¼; New York Central, 97¾; scrip, 94¼; Erie, 65¾; ditto preferred, 84; Harlem, 98¾; do preferred, 130; Michigan Central, 118; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90¾; Northwestern, 74¾; do preferred, 94; Rock Island, 110¾; New Jersey Central, 108½; St. Paul, 87¾; do preferred, 78¾; Wabash, 39¾; do preferred, 65; Ft. Wayne, 98; Terre Haute, 20; do preferred, 45; Chicago & Alton, 116; do preferred, 117; Ohio & Mississippi, 47¼; C. C. & C., 92¾; Burlington & Quincy, 130; Lake Shore, 95¾; Panama, 28; Illinois Central, 136; Union Pacific, 39; Central Pacific bonds, 104¾; Union, 93; Delaware & Lackawanna, 107.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, PT. W. & CHICAGO R. R.

Nimick & Co., metal	32	Brown & Co., ore	2
Coleman R & Co	3	Jas Wood Son & Co., do	3
Jno. A. Caughey	7	Harbaugh & M., do	4
Graff B & Co	5	J Painter & Son, do	6
Wm. Smith	2		
Total			57

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Shoenberger, B & Co.	13	Lucy Furnace	21
Wilson Glass Co	3		
Total			37

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

McKnight & Co	2		

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

Nimick & Co	1	J. W. Porter	2

WEST PENN.

Graff B & Co. m	2	Spang C & Co. m	4
Spang C & Co. b	2		
Total			8

PITTSBUUGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, May 31, 1872.

ASHES.—Quiet and unchanged. Common Soda Ash, 5cts; refined, 5¾cts; Nitrate Soda, 5 to 5¼; Pots, 10; Pearls, 11.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales, in a jobbing way, at 65 to 70 per gallon for fair to prime, and 75 for choice.

BUTTER.—There is little or no demand for butter of any kind, and, in consequence, stocks are accumulating, and there are no established quotations. Commission men are anxious to realize, but the farmers and pedlars are now supplying the trade.

BROOM CORN.—Continues dull but an improved demand is anticipated soon; we continue to quote nominally at 5½ to 8 cts. as to quality. Stock in this market large for the season, and there is no inquiry whatever for the lower grades.

BEANS.—Very scarce; we now quote at $3 to $3.50 per bushel.

CHEESE.—Is in fair demand, with regular sales at 11 to 12 for Dairy; 13½ to 14 for Factorp, and 14@14½ for Goshen.

CARBON OIL.—Is dull and nominally unchanged.

COUNTRY BACON.—Shoulders, 4½ to 5; Clear Sides, 6 to 6½; Hams, 8 to 9. Country Lard, 7 to 8 cts, according to quality and condition.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$5.50 per case.

CANNED GOODS.—Peaches (3 lb cans) $6.00 to 27 per case; Tomatoes $4.00@5; Corn, $5.50@7.00, according to quality and brand.

CEMENT.—Louisville $2.50 to $2.75; Calcined Plaster $4.50; Cleveland white Lime, $2; eastern, $1.75.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peaches continue dull but unchanged; prime to choice halves, 9 to 9½; prime mixed, 8; quarters, 6¼ to 7. No good Apples in market. Blackberries, 14 to 16; pitted Cherries, 28 to 30; unpitted, 6 to 8.

EGGS.—Steady at 17, and some dealers were asking 18.

FEATHERS.—No. 1 may be quoted at 75 to 80 cts @ 5; mixed stock, 40 to 60 cts.

FLOUR.—About the only new feature to notice is that dealers generally are more anxious to realize; they are now selling freely at quotations. We continue to quote at $8.75 to $9.25 for good to choice spring wheat, and $9.50 to $10 for good to choice red winter wheat. Spring wheat flour is reported easier, but we do not quotably lower.

GRAIN.—The offerings of wheat continue liberal and with a continued light demand, the market is dull, and there are so few sales making it is difficult to make quotations. Bids here are well supplied, and for the time being, are virtually out of the market. Quotations may be given nominally at $1.90@2 for red, and white seems to be worth a little more. Receipts of 1,165 to 1,516 lbs, $6.25@7; 112 lowa steers, 1,312 lbs $6.80; 19 Cherokee, 1,027 lbs $6. Sheep: receipts to-day 600; market flat and dull; but few sales; prices rule from 6 to 7c. Hogs: receipts 2,300, with about 304 on sale; market; no sales; prices nominally at $4.52@4.50. Shipments of live stock by N. Y. C. R. R. this month were the largest on record, being 2,184 cars of cattle, 454 of hogs, 143 sheep, and 138 horses.

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New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Flour dull and lower; extra $7; treble extra $8.50. Corn easier; mixed 73c; white 75c. Oats easier; 55@55c. Bran $1.10. Pork dull; mess offering at $15.12½. Bacon dull, offering at 5½@7½@8c; ham: sugar cured, choice scarce; 11½c. Lard dull; tierces packing refined 10½; kettle 10¾c; refined 11@11¼c sugar firm; prime 9¾@10c. Molasses: cistern bottom 50@51¾c. Whisky dull: 85@95c. Coffee 16¼@17c. Cotton scarce and firm; sales of 1,800 bales, good ordinary 22¾c; low middling 23¾; middling 24c; receipts to-day 727; exports none; stock 55,033, week's sales 13,000; receipts, net 2,547, gross 3,414; exports to Liverpool 18,818, to Continent; 3,092 to New York 1,837.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—Cotton firm; low middling 24¼c. Flour quiet; family $8.75@9.00. Wheat dull; sample lots of red sold at $1.85@1.95. Corn firm: sales in ear at 51@53c. Rye declined at 95@98c. Oats unchanged at 45@46c. Groceries firm and in fair demand. Lard dull at 92@93c. Lard oil firm at 70@73c. Mess pork dull and unsettled: city packed $14.37½@14.50 cash. Lard quiet and unchanged; summer steam 8¾c; winter 9½c; kettle 8¾c; but buyers offer a shade less. Bulk meats firm; shoulders and sides 6¼c for clear rib, and 7½@7¾c for clear. Bacon dull at 9¾c: clear rib sides 7c; clear 7¼c. Hogs $5.77@4.15; receipts 463. Whisky firm at 86c.

Chicago

CHICAGO, May 31.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 spring closed at $1.44½ for spot; $1.45 for seller June. Corn active, but weak and lower; No. 2 mixed closed at 43¾c for spot; 43½c for seller June. Oats No. 2 40¼@41c for regular and fresh; 37½c for seller July. Rye quiet; No. 2 75@76c. Barley dull. Whisky firm; 86c. Mess pork dull: $11.85 for spot, or seller June; $12.25 for seller July. Lard quiet; seller June 8¾. for cash; for seller July unchanged. Bacon unchanged; sales shoulders at 8c. Cattle: a shade higher; $5.60@6.75 for fair to extra. Hogs active, but lower; $5.65@4.00 for fair to extra; most sales at $5.80@5.90.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—Tobacco unchanged; sales of 15 hhds. Bagging quiet, steady and unchanged. Cotton quiet and steady; middling 25c. Flour quiet; extra family $7.25. Corn a shade firmer at 66@67c; other grain quiet. Mess pork $12.25. Bacon in fair demand at 7¼@7½. Bulk meats in fair demand; 14¾@6¾@8¾c. Hams: sugar cured in moderate demand; 11½@12c. Lard quiet at 9@10c. Whisky steady at 86c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 31.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull, and lower for No. 2; extra white Michigan, $1.95; No. 2 red $1.76@1.77; common dull, and 1c lower; high mixed 90½@91¾c; low mixed 85¾@87½c; low mixed, 87c; yellow 87½c. White, 87c. Oats dull; No. 1 42½c; No. 2 40½c. Michigan 41c. Pork and lard unchanged.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—Flour dull and weak; Wisconsin and Minnesota $9,25@9,75. Wheat quiet; red $2.10@2.15; amber $2.20. Rye steady; $1.10. Corn quiet; yellow 68c; mixed 67c. Oats unchanged; white 50@60c; mixed 57c. Provisions steady, and in moderate demand. Crude petroleum 17½c. Whisky 93c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, May 31.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and lower; No 1 offered at $1.85; No 2 held at $1.78@1.80. Corn dull and lower at 54c; closing dull. Oats lower and weak at 45. Refined petroleum steady at 20@20½c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping; No. 1 $1.44; No. 2 $1.42. Corn dull. Oats, No. 2 40c. Barley dull; No. 2 fall 66c. Rye active and advanced; No. 1 75c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, May 31.—Consols 93¼. U. S. coupons 5-20s of '62, 90¾; '65, 91¾; '67, 93¾; 10-40s 89¾.

PARIS, May 31.—Rentes 55f 25c. Specie in Bank of France has increased 10,000,000f.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.—Cotton firm; middling upland 11⅝@11¾d. Red spring wheat 11s 9d @12s 1d. Red winter wheat 12s 7d. Corn 27s 9d@28s. Flour 27s 6d.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Cotton less active; middling upland, 26¾c. Flour dull and lower; superfine western and State, $6.00@6.50; common to good, $7.20@7.60; good to choice $7.55@8.40; white wheat western extra $8.40@8.45; extra St. Louis $8.65@12.00. Rye flour quiet at $4.75@5.50. Corn meal unchanged. Whisky steady at 93c. Wheat heavy; winter red western $1.91; unsound Chicago spring $1.30; amber $2.05. Rye firmer; western 90@96c. Barley and malt unchanged. Corn firmer and closed heavy; western mixed 65@66c. Oats firmer; western 54@56c; Ohio 58@56c. Eggs steady; western, 15@16c. Hay quiet, $1.60@1.65. Hops unchanged. Coffee firm: Rio 15@18¼c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining, 8¾@8¾c; Cuba, 8¼@9½c. Molasses quiet; Porto Rico, 48@55c. Rice steady, 8¼@12c. Crude petroleum 13c; refined, 23@23¾c. Turpentine quiet, 46c. Pork lower; mess, $15.15; new prime mess, $12.50@12.75; mess June, $13.15. Beef unchanged. Cut meats quiet; hams, 9@10¼c; shoulders, 6¼@6¾c; middles, 7¾@8c; long clear, 7¾c. Lard heavy; No. 1 to prime steam, 8¾c; kettle, 9¾c. Butter dull; western, 14@25c. Cheese steady; new, 11@14¾c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Beeves to-day 850, most of them too late in for regular trade, and go over for another day. Prices unchanged. Sales 11c for common Texans to 13c for good Illinois; total for the week, 8,200, against 8,000 last week; a good market anticipated next Monday. Sheep to-day: 4,700, making 13,200 since Saturday, against 10,900 last week. Sheep dull at the same rates, or 6¾@7¼c; 1 car 90 lbs Ohio going at 7¾c. Lambs scarce and very high today; 85 to 60 lbs Jersey's selling at 14@14¾c; common are not advanced, Virginia 4½@6 lbs selling at 10¾@11c. Hogs to-day, 5,000, completing 38,900 since Saturday, against 25,000 last week: market steady at 5¾@6c for dressed.

BUFFALO, May 31.—Cattle—receipts to-day 269, making total supply for the week 7,922 or 466 cars against 610 last week; market firm and active; 15c advance of 12¾ to 6¾c for last week's prices; cattle sold to-day were of superior grade to that offered in previous part of the week, and found very ready sale; all stock yards disposed of; sales of 469 Illinois steers, 1,165 to 1,516 lbs, $6.25@7; 112 Iowa steers, 1,312 lbs $6.80; 19 Cherokee, 1,027 lbs $6. Sheep: receipts to-day 600; market flat and dull; but few sales; prices rule from 6 to 7c. Hogs: receipts 2,300, with about 304 on sale; market; no sales; prices nominally at $4.52@4.50. Shipments of live stock by N. Y. C. R. R. this month were the largest on record, being 2,184 cars of cattle, 454 of hogs, 143 sheep, and 138 horses.

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IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

WEST PENNA. May 31.—1 car lumber, J & A Morrison; 2 do do, Reed Bro; 1 car lime, G Weltach; 1 car locust posts, 2 cars lumber, W Anshutz & Co; 1 do do, L & A Morrison; 1 do do, J H Morrison; 1 do do, Hoop, Jones & Co; 1 car lime, Yiolsfeine; 2 bbls eggs, J S Clarke & Co; 242 bgs wheat, Marshall K & Co; 248 do do, Gilmore & Co; 1 bg d apples, S P Shriver & Co; 8 pkgs eggs, 2 do butter, Heidrick K & Co; 17 sheep, 43 lambs, P Thompson; 25 bgs potatoes, Spear & Gilson; 1 car sheet iron, Rogers & B; 72 sacks wheat, Provost & McIwaine; 4 bxs eggs, 4 do butter, Jos Kreiling; 24 bgs potatoes, C Meyers; 13 do do; J Battenelder; 17 do do, J Heisal, Jr; Allegheny Valley, May 31.—1 car junk, J E Elliott; 1 do do, Moore & W; 1 do do Fulkerson; 1 do do, E F Briggs; 5 do lumber, S Hammond; 1 do junk, W McKinney; 1 do old iron, Hildebaugh & Co; 25 sks Middlings, 25 sks Flags, McCullough & Co; 3 bbls eggs; Heon & S; 2 do do, 30 sks potatoes, John Seibert; 12 do do wheat, W Welsh; 50 do do, Scott & G; 53 bbls hides, 5 bbls tallow, Jas Cattery & Co; 1 car junk, Godfrey & C; 2 do lumber, John Dunn; 1 car iron, W A Hollenbeck; 35 cars coal, Armstrong, D & Co; 35 do do, S M Kier & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, May 31.—600 bushels corn, D G Stewart; 1 car oats, do do corn, 2 do hay, Hitchcock, McC & Co; 5 bbls eggs, H J McCracken; 10 do do, W H Graff & Co; 324 sks oats, McHenry & H; 1 car corn, W Welsh & Co; 192 sks oats, 1 car 8 corn, Carroll & T; 11 bbls eggs, 5 tubs butter, H Riddle & Son; 42 sks potatoes, 4 cars b wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 29 bales hay, Kennedy & Co; 3 cars b corn, D Wallace; 100 bbls flour, Hack, McC & Co; 46 bales hay, A Moore; 1 car b corn, McHenry & H; 4 bales hay, Kerr & Hitchart; 82 do do, McBane & A; 3 hhds tobacco, W & D Reinehart; 100 bbls flour, Tc Jenkins; 29 bbls molasses, Seghmeyer & V.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 31.—1 car lime, J K Shinn; 1 do hay, 2 do m feed, Spear & G; 100 bbls flour, E & C Magiun; 1 car hay, Knox & S; 1 car pipe, C G McMillan; 1 do lumber, A Reinman; 2 do cooperage, W Leage; 26 bgs oats, W C Brown; 5 cars wheat, Gilfoire & Co; 14 bbls hides, A Waltz; 28 pkgs potatoes, 8 do cheese, J Osesch; 15 doz brooms, J S Clark & Co; 1 car malt, Young & B; 12 sks flour, 5 do meal, G P Comley; 142 bgs f seed, 6 bbls peas, M B Suydam, 26 hides, 3 bbls tallow, W Thacker & Son; 1 car hay, Holmes & H; 1 do do, Hack & S; 1 do lumber, Mullen, S & Co; 5 bxs cheese, C H Morlege; 6 do do, Beckfield & N; 2 cars lumber, R J Davis; 1 do do, W McQueman; 1 do do, J B Bingham; 4 bbls whisky, I Stern; 1 car oats, Clark & S; 140 bbls cement, W T Dunn; 200 sks corn, I Hippley.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, May 31.—1 car lumber, J & A Hays & Co; 2 do do, Graff & B; 1 do lime, King, Son, & Co; 1 do old boxes, W J Hammond; 1 do lumber, W W Rigdon & Co; 1o do, W F Richardson; 2 do do, McQuewan & D; 3 do do, Slack & S; 37 bxs cheese, Aiken & W; 29 bxs starch, S Kwart & Co; 80 do do, T C Jenkins & Co; 10 crates, 5 bxs starch, G W McClinre; 40 do do, S P Shriver & Co; 8 cars o bbls, B D Moore; 1 do corn, McBane & A; 9 kgs butter, 6 bbl eggs, Head, C & 110 sks corn, H J McCracken & Bro; 88 do do, Jones & Son; 106 do rags, McCullough S & Co; 2 cars o bbls, C A Wormeastle; 1 do wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 3 do oats, W G Miller; 1 do p paper, Pgh P Mfg Co; 223 bdls do, Godfrey & C; 1 car lumber, T P Handon; 1 do g stones, F Alden; 1 car lumber, South Side P M; 1 do do, Talon P M; 10 bbls beef, J Kessler; 25 bbls bbls fish, W Cooper & Co; 1 car steel, Hussey, W & G; 1 do stone, J L L Knox; 1 do mats, S B Floyd & Co; 1 do do, Beckert & G.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, May 31.—2 tubs butter, B Hogan; 15 pkgs whisky, Harris & Ewing; 15 do liquor, M Grogan; 5 do do, J G Raible; 5 bxs sausage, J A Graff; 25 bgs f wheat, Scobia R & Co; 5 bbls spirits, Kiser & Clark; 2 bbls eggs, 5 tubs butter, C Seidenstucker; 5 cars oats, 1 do rye, W J Mechan; 300 bbls flour, Jenkins; 200 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 30 bbls b wines, M McCullough & Co; 200 bbls flour, Schoenacker & Co; 10 do do, 18 boxes soap, Rimm & Weller; 10 bxs tobacco, A Schantz; 94 bbls, W Flaceus & Son; 1 car oats, Scott & Gisal; 1 do do, W G Miller; 50 bxs cheese, Dilworth Bro; 41 sks rags, L Sturtz; 29 do do, McCullough S & Co; 35 bgs wheat, H Rea, jr; 1 car oats, Lang & McKallip; 3 pkgs tobacco, 1 do do rags, 2 bbls beans, 9 do apples, Voigt M & Co; 28 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 1 car corn, Jacob Frick; 3 bbls bacon, Loh & Cooley; 32 bbls flour, Houck McC & Co; 1 car barley, 1 do malt, John Arbuckle & Co; 1 car shingles, W Phillips; 1 bbl butter, McCandless Son & Co; 112 bxs cheese N J Braden; 25 do do, Woodworth & D; 24 do do, H Riddle Son & Co; 50 do do, F Sellers & Co; 75 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 19 do do, Loh & Cooley; 5 bbls whisky, P Hamburg; 1 car hay, A Hippley; 5 bbls wine, Speck & M; 7 pkgs butter eggs, Head & C; 1 car oats, Beckert & Gerwig; 1 car lumber, McQuewan & D; 65 bdls shovels, Myers & A; 31 bbles, Hammett & Son; 6 bbls eggs, Vangorder & S; 35 bbls potatoes, Wood worth & D; 66 sks do, Houck McC & Co; 22 rolls leather, G N Hollstot & Co; 1 car pipe, C G McMillan.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, May 31.—21 bbls whisky, M Hass; 58 bales straw, 3 jars butter, H Strang; 124 sks wheat, W Welsh; 11 bbls eggs, 6 do butter, P Moore & Co; 15 do eggs, 8 do butter, 39 bales hay, Illig & H; 990 gals s ware, W Hasbage & Co; 2 pkgs eggs, 1 do butter, Voigt, M & Co; 864 gals s ware, W & D Cooper; 10 bbls crackers, Kramer & V; 142 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 11 sks wheat, Courtney, G & Co; 4 pkgs butter, 1 do eggs, 1 do lard, W J Steel & Co; 5 pkgs produce, 1ot old iron, H J McCracken & Bro.

WHEELING PER CARRIE BROOKS, May 31.—1 coop chickens, 1 sk hams, 1 do d apples, 2 kegs beans, Christ King; 145 sks oats, H L Jones; 2 pkgs cigars, H Gautche; 2 pkgs butter, Lange & Co; 50 bales hay, 1 black horse, K Miller, jr; 1 bx drugs, R E Sellers & Co; 270 bdls paper, Godfrey & Clark; 179 sks oats, T Brady & Co; 123 bales hay, A J Hagan; 60 bbls spirits, Adler, Rosenburgh & Co; 75 bales hay, J & W Faire; 1,400 staves, Lang C & Son; 8 bbls potatoes, C Fairman.

PORTSMOUTH PER GRANITE STATE, May 31.—20 bdls spokes, C Colman; 50 bbls flour, 83 empties, Spencer & McKay; 1 bx glass, I McKee & Co; 75 tons metal, Loomas & Collard; 14 sks rags, McCullough & S; 2 bbls d apples, H Rea, jr; 1 bbl eggs, 1 keg butter, E Moye & Co; 228 oil barrels, B D Moore.

GENEVA PER WEST VIRGINIA, May 31.—21 hides, 2 bbls tallow, A J Scott; 32 bales hay, E F Weaver; 63 bales straw, G Kann; 6 sks flour, D Chess; 20 do do, J O Feddis; 10 sks wheat, George & S; 1,233 galls s ware, W & D Cooper & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The river remains about stationary at this point, with 4 feet 5 inches in channel. Weather clear and pleasant. Business at the landing continues very dull.

Carrie Brooks, from Wheeling, arrived and departed. She reports having left the Skillinger at the "Sisters," unable to get through, notwithstanding she had a flat in tow and had evidently lightened.

The Granite State departed for Portsmouth.

The Juniata was due last night and will, doubtless, be found in port this morning. As will be seen by card, she is announced to leave again for Cincinnati this afternoon.

The West Virginia is the regular independent packet for Geneva and all intermediate ports on the Monongahela to-day, leaving prom

HOME NEWS.

We desire to call our readers' attention to the elegant assortment of Gents and Ladies Gold Watches and Opera Chains just arrived at Geo. W. Biggs, No. 159 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth avenue. Give him a call and be convinced.

Letters held for Postage.—Mrs. J. A. Reynolds, Steels Mills, Ill., 1c; Sister M. de Sales, Loretto, Pa., 1c; Dr. R. G. Reynolds, Coulterville, Ill., 1c; J. H. Moore, Memphis, Tenn., 1c; J. Boardgren, Clinton, Pa., 3c; William Moreland, Cleveland, Ohio, 3c; Miss Mereenia Sidley, Parrisville, Ohio, 3c; Miss Julia Burns, Parrisville, Ohio, 3c; Miss Sue L. Sinclair, Clarence, Mo., 3c.

A Plan of Old Fort Duquesne.

With an illustration of an "Indian Girl's Canoe Race before the Water Gate" will be found in the June number of the *People's Monthly*, out to-night, and for sale by all news agents; also an account of a Grand Indian Ball Match, and the kind of life led by French and Indians in and about the Fort. Eight illustrations in this number—three of them local—besides much interesting reading matter.

Get it if you Can.

In the "For Sale" column of this day's issue, is advertised a house, with reference to the Ben Franklin Insurance Company, No. 16 Ohio street, Allegheny. This house has ten rooms and an attic, has all modern conveniences, and is on a street that rivals Ellsworth Avenue in its exemption from smoke and dirt, as well as in the excellence of the neighborhood, and is only a few steps from line of street cars. In these, and many other respects, it is a choice house and choice locality. Get it if you can. Nothing now offered is more desirable.

Coroner's Inquest.

Yesterday morning Coroner West held an inquest on the body of John Smith, who died suddenly on Thursday afternoon, in Mifflin township. The deceased it appears was chasing a cow which had strayed from his pasture, when he suddenly dropped to the ground. When assistance arrived it was discovered that the man was dead. Dr. J. D. Schooley stated before the jury that he believed that death resulted from heart disease, and a verdict was rendered to that effect. Smith was seventy-two years of age and leaves a wife and four children.

A Pleasant Entertainment.

A large audience was delightfully entertained last evening in the Hall of the Seventeenth ward School House, by Prof. Bartlett's statuary and historical scenes. The entertainment was given for the benefit of the St. John's Episcopal Church. The representations of the historical scenes were personated with a naturalness that showed a familiarity with the subjects they represented. The characters were all as "natural as life" be and many of them—it may be said to the credit of the lady performers—were a great deal handsomer. The programme was well arranged, and as well carried out. It was announced that at the close of the performance the pictures would be disposed of by raffle, judging from the number of young gentlemen we saw standing in the door with their hats in hands, we should think that a good many chances were taken, but exactly how many drew prizes we know not.

Death of Thomas Holland, Esq.

After a short illness from typhoid fever, Thomas Holland, Esq., a member of the Allegheny county bar and junior partner of the law firm of Moore & Holland, departed this life on Thursday morning last, at his residence on Marion street, Sixth ward. The deceased was a young man of rare mental and moral worth and had by his rise high in his profession. He was universally beloved and respected and his death causes much mourning in this community.

On motion of W. D. Moore, Esq., the Court of Common Pleas adjourned yesterday out of respect to his memory. In presenting the motion Mr. Moore expressed the great sorrow felt and paid a touching, eloquent tribute to the deceased and to his peculiar qualifications for success at this chosen profession.

Mr. Moore was followed by Judges Sterrett, Stowe and Collier, who each spoke in the highest terms of the deceased, and bore testimony to his intellectual and moral worth. Messrs. T. T. Baird Patterson and Chas. F. McKenna also addressed the Court and expressed their high appreciation of the deceased, and their profound sorrow at his premature death.

More Pay for the Police.

This afternoon the Police Committee of Councils meet. The principal business before them will be the consideration of the application of the force for increased pay. A resolution looking to this end was passed in Common Council on Monday last with a reference to the Police Committee. There can be no doubt that the members of the force should receive adequate compensation. It is a fine body of men, and the officers have certainly distinguished themselves in a manner which deserves the commendation of the public. It is claimed that the wages paid are insufficient for the support of a family, and that consequently many of the men are compelled to use their influence, and restrained from doing so, by the inadequacy of the remuneration. If such is the case the salaries should certainly be advanced. What we want among our guardians of the peace is men of respectability, assured characters, and ability and any obstacle which stands in the way of such persons being able to join the force should certainly be removed. The plea of economy can be used in many instances, with much more propriety than in regard to this application.

A Distressing Occurrence.

On Wednesday morning the GAZETTE announced that a young lad named Richard Lichtenfeld, eleven years of age, had strayed from the residence of his parents, No. 67 Carpenter alley, Allegheny, and that no trace of his whereabouts could be found. Subsequently his father, through our columns, offered a large reward for any information of the lost lad. Last evening a gentleman crossing over Mechanics' street bridge, saw something floating in the water, and under his instruction three boys rowed a skiff to the middle of the river, and discovered that the floating object was the dead body of a boy. The corpse was brought to shore, and soon after recognized as the remains of young Lichtenfeld. The neck was found to be fractured, and it is supposed that he fell from the bridge and sustained this injury, and expired at once. The boy's father is a hard working tailor, and is completely prostrated with grief at the occurrence. He has the sincere sympathy of a large circle of friends. The deceased boy, though young, was very talented, being an excellent scholar, speaking English and German fluently, and understanding both the Latin and Greek languages. He was, too, a good and dutiful son.

Hotel Thief.

Yesterday morning when Mrs. D. W. Evans one of the boarders of the Central Hotel returned from the breakfast table to her room she found a man, whom she had never seen before had preceded her and was standing over her open trunk. The dialogue that followed did not account for his intrusion and he retired down stairs, but the matter was reported by another and he was intercepted him on the floor below, where he was detained until Mr. Barr was summoned and took charge of him while awaiting a policeman. On arrival of the officer a further colloquy seemed to satisfy all parties that nothing had been stolen, that the man was only half-witted and not a practiced thief. He was registered as Geo. Palmer, of Erie, Pa., but claimed to belong in Philadelphia, having been there for a short time at Erie. The kindly impression of Mr. Barr was joined in by the policeman and the offender was permitted to go. We think this was an unwise leniency. The man had enough wit to go to an upper story, to find the only unfastened and unoccupied room and was caught there looking for——Barnum's museum in a ladies trunk. He should at least have been taken before the Mayor and investigated, but Mr. Barr in the excellence of his good nature and Mrs. Evans in her reluctance to testify or prosecute have preferred, as he has not succeeded this time, to let him, like the child with his lesson, tay, try, again—leaving it for others to discover whether he is a knave or a fool.

Decoration Day in Plum Township.

It must not be supposed that all the patriotism is confined to the cities and towns where the large and fashionable cemeteries are generally located. Not by any means, it is out in the country where a large proportion of our strongest and bravest soldiers came from during the war, that this day is celebrated with solemnity. Although the morning of the 30th dawned unpropitiously enough, the people were not disheartened in the least, and quite a lagre number met at New Texas the rendezvous appointed. The Pearson Zouaves composed of the bone and sinew of the neighborhood, under the command of their popular leader, Capt. Patterson, preceded by the company's band, and followed by a large procession of persons in carriages, in buggies, on horseback and on foot, visited the several cemeteries in the township, and decorated each soldiers' grave with flowers, in a manner hurriedly and thoughtlessly. It was not done mothers and sisters, wives and children, whose dear ones were those very soldiers upon whose graves the chaplets of spring flowers were cast in sad memory of the past. Afterwards the procession returned to the large new edifice of the Plum Creek Congregation, and after a sumptuous repast, kindly prepared by the ladies, the meeting consisting of some three hundred persons, was called to order by electing the following officers: President, James Patterson; Vice Presidents, James Gray, David Kuhn, George Alter and Alex. McJunkin; Secretaries, A. M. McJunkin and T. A. Patterson. When the meeting was fully organized, the Hon. John H. Kerr, was called upon for an address, and spoke in his usual eloquent and patriotic style. In the evening there was a meeting held in the school house when the ladies sang some very beautiful odes selected for the occasion.

"Give a dog a bad name, and it sticks to him for ever," no matter how decent he may become. This is the case with the "old Pan Handle" Railroad, but it certainly does not merit this reputation now since the Pennsylvania Central controls it. Go on the free excursion train to the Improvement Trust Company's sale on Monday next, and see for yourself. Read advertisement.

What is in a Name!—20 Feet Home.

Don't it make the thing a little ridiculous to talk about a "20 foot" homestead! Especially if it is in a locality where the smell of the oil refineries has driven away the woodpeckers and tree frogs!

A Good Investment.—One of the Improvement Trust Company's large lots, at Mansfield, for sale at auction on Monday, June 3d, in one hundred monthly payments, without interest.

For a good bath go to the Central Shaving Saloon bath rooms in the Central Hotel. The finest and largest bath tubs in the city.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Personal and Otherwise.

REV. JOHN H. BOGGS, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will occupy Rev. Milligan's pulpit to-morrow.

REV. RICHARD LEE will preach in the Second U. P. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow.

REV. D. PATTON, pastor of the Presbyterian church, Petroleum Centre, has been compelled to resign on account of ill health.

COMMUNION SERVICE of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church will take place to-morrow. Services to-day and Monday. See notice in religious advertisements.

REV. JOHN S. SANDS who has returned from his western trip will preach to-morrow at the usual hour at his church (Eighth U. P.), corner of VanBraam and Locust streets.

Rev. J. H. Shields, a graduate of the last class of the Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny, has been ordained and installed pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Crestline.

THE Rev. P. M. Ward, pastor of St. Stephen's church, Hazlewood, will deliver a lecture in St. James' church, Temperanceville, on Sunday evening, June 2d. Subject, "Pius IX."

OUR local Sunday School workers are entirely engaged in making preparations for the State Sunday School Teachers' Convention which holds its session in this city, June 11, 12, and 13.

AT A MEETING of the Board of Trustees of the "Pittsburgh and Tarentum Camp Meeting Association" will be held at "Smithfield M. E. Church" on Monday, June 3d, at 10:30 A. M., to make arrangements for the annual camp meeting.

REV. WM. PLUMER, D. D., of Columbia, S. C., filled the pulpit of the Central Church, Allegheny—his old pulpit—Rev. Mr. Gill's) on Sabbath last, with great acceptance. He spent several days of this week visiting his friends here, by whom he was warmly welcomed.

THE many friends of the Rev. S. C. Faris of this city, will be pained to hear that death has entered his household and taken his infant son Theodore. The child had been suffering for several weeks with lung fever. The parents have the earnest sympathy of all who know them.

REV. JOHN GAILEY will preach under the auspices of the Wylie Avenue United Presbyterian Church on Sabbath evening, in the hall of the Eleventh ward public school house, Grayline street, near Wylie avenue at 7½ o'clock. A cordial welcome extended to all. Seats free.

THE monthly concert of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society will be held in Wesley chapel, corner of Seventeenth street and Liberty avenue, Sunday evening, June 2d, at 7½ o'clock. Short addresses will be made by Rev. J. C. Short, city missionary, and J. Vance, editor of Pittsburgh *Times*.

CHURCHES, in several of the conferences, says the *Methodist Recorder*, are beginning to canvass for pastors for the new year, and pastors for churches. This is a legitimate canvass, and should be conducted openly and justly. To detract from the reputation of any pastor or any church in order to magnify that of any other, is a meanness which some talkers are tempted into unawares. Prudence and piety are always safe counselors.

REV. P. RIDDLE, D. D., of Martinsburg, Va., has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the Third church of this city (Rev. Mr. Noble's), during the absence of it's pastor, which will continue until September. On Sabbath last, the 26th instant, Dr. Riddle commenced his ministrations, under this arrangement, amongst a people who cherish many tender recollections of his former long and endeared association with them in the pastoral relation.

BREVITIES.

THE POLICE COMMITTEE of Allegheny met last evening and approved the monthly pay-roll amounting to $3,122.40.

MRS. JANE G. SWISSHELM will speak at the Anniversary meeting of the Women's Suffrage Association on Thursday evening.

A STATED meeting of the Board of Controllers of Allegheny city will be held on Tuesday evening, June 4, at half past seven o'clock.

WE hear of a father, who, not believing in whipping, shut his child in the pig-pen. He says the pen is mightier than the rod.

ONE of the attackees of Barnum's circus fell from a beneh yesterday, and dislocated his shoulder. Dr. John Hamilton set the injured member.

THE burning of soot in a chimney on Penn street, occasioned an alarm of fire yesterday afternoon. The fire department responded, but did not go into service.

JAMES CLARK, the zouave who was arrested on a charge of wounding two men with his musket, was released on bail of one thousand dollars for a hearing on Monday.

ALDERMAN LOGAN, we are pleased to inform his many friends, has so far recovered from the effects of the third amputation of his leg as to enable him to walk around and attend his Aldermanic duties.

ANTON OCHSE, the German immigrant who was sent to Dixmont about two weeks ago for insanity, or supposed insanity, was taken from that asylum yesterday, in consequence of the certificate of Dr. Reed that he was not insane.

A LITTLE child of Joseph Jones, of Mount Oliver, was very badly scalded on Thursday by pulling over upon itself a kettle of boiling water that was sitting upon the stove. Dr. Potter attended the little sufferer, who is in a very critical condition.

THE STREET CARS were so crowded yesterday by passengers going to and from Barnum's show that the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Railway Company was obliged to take cars from the Rebecca street and Troy Hill lines, and even then the crowd was so great that many rode on top of the cars.

AT the last meeting of Allegheny Councils, the Committee on City Property was authorized to purchase a lot on the corner of Preble and Ohio avenues, in the Ninth ward, for the erection of an engine and station house. The owner, however, has fixed his price from $4,500 to $4,500, and the purchase on that account has not yet been made.

THE extensive and widely known distillery house of Messrs. Joseph S. Finch & Co., paid the last month into the United States Treasury, as we observe by the books of T. W. Davis, Esq., the Collector, taxes to the amount of $29,112.22. At this rate they will pay for June's business $349,346.76. How high is that for taxes?

THE Gounod Musical Club, Prof C. Tetedoux, leader, held their first soiree last evening, in the chapel of the Female college. A very select and fashionable audience greeted the members, and the singing was exquisitely good. It is to be regretted that the entertainments of the club are only given to the honorary members, patrons and invited guests. Too much good music is locked up in the club from the public.

ARTHUR GRAHAM was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of drunkenness, and placed in the Allegheny lock-up. A friend of the prisoner named William Weaver, strolled around that way and watching his chance, secured the keys to the lock-up, and released Graham. The keys were soon missed, and the officer suspecting something wrong went to look after his prisoner and found that he had ramoosed. He started in pursuit and soon arrested Weaver, who was locked up on charge of releasing prisoners.

AN AMUSING incident occurred on Thursday afternoon, on Lacock street, Allegheny. A young gentleman, who had been celebrating Decoration day by indulging in a little too much "bock," concluded to call on his fair one, who observed his condition and locked the door. He persisted, however, until a policeman was called who escorted him to the lock-up. He was released yesterday morning by the payment of a small fine, and promising his prosecutor, whom he expected to view in the light of father-in-law, that he would hereafter seek no further interviews with his daughter.

HO! FOR PHILADELPIA.

Meeting of the Lincoln Club—Large Attendance—Prospects of the Campaign.

A meeting of the Lincoln club was held at their rooms fast evening and was largely attended by the members and by Republicans not members of the organization. The room was brilliantantly lighted and with its handsome decorations and fixtures and the large and enthusiastic attendance made a fine appearance augering well for the opening of the campaign. Henry Lloyd, Esq., Chairman, called the meeting to order and stated that the special business of the evening was to complete the arrangements for the visit to Philadelphia next week. Officers of the club then explained the arrangements that had already been perfected, transportation, sleeping berths, meals on the way, and hotel accommodations at the place of destination. It was the wish that those who contemplated joining the excursionists should make known their intentions as early as possible, so that, in case more than one hundred and fifty (the number provided for) desired to go that everything might be prepared for them. The Great Western band is to accompany the party so that a good time may be expected while the cost is put at so low a figure that those who can spare the time should not miss the opportunity. Many persons stepped forward to the Secretary's desk and registered their names for the trip and to each tickets were issued. The full quota will doubtless be registered by this evening, and perhaps the party may exceed the number stated.

The club has received, by special order, from Philadelphia, a large and splendid banner upon one side of which is a good portrait of Lincoln, the name of the club and that of U. S. Grant for President and John F. Hartranft for Governor.

A Horse of Another Color.

A horse is a horse, and one horse is as good as another if he is sound. The common street-car nag, is a horse to all intents and purposes, and Baxter is no more than a horse, and other. Now, why is it that judges of horseflesh scarcity of Deacons that give them their value. The "streeters" are "common stock;" "stock" of them can be had any place. For the same reason there is great difference in the value of surburban horses. There are thousands of acres of hill-tops, and ravines, stone-quarries and "roofs of worked-out coal mines," around this city that have been cut up into mere "building lots" than will be occupied in fifty years—they are the common stock with which the market is glutted. But you have any *use* for one of them buy it as you would a work-horse, but don't expect to get it for the price of a Dexter. But among these thousands of acres are here and there choice localities that everybody appreciates, that everybody wants. There is where to buy if you expect to sell at a profit. If you are looking for "good stock" in the shape of a suburban lot, don't buy till you have seen North Homestead.

If You Want a "20 foot" Homestead,(1) Where you can see one rolling mill and *smell* any amount of oil refineries, you need not go to North Homestead. There is nothing of the kind in that neighborhood.

Business and pleasure go hand in hand with those who attend the Improvement Trust Company's sale of lots on Monday, June 3d.

A free excursion train will leave the Union Depot at 11:15 A. M. Free lunch at 12:30 on the June.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT, STOWE AND COLLIER.

The jury in the case of Michael O'Hara and wife vs. Dilworth and Alexander Chambers, yesterday morning returned a verdict for the defendants. The case had been on trial during the whole week. The property in dispute consists of some seventeen acres, located on Fifth avenue, which was purchased by the defendants at a sale by Mr. O'Hara's assignees in bankruptcy. The complainant alleges that he purchased the property in trust for his wife, formerly Miss McFarland, at an Orphan's Court sale of the McFarland estate. This was in 1866, but it was sold pursuant to a decree of the United States Court to satisfy creditors of O'Hara, which indebtedness had been contracted in 1866 and '67. The United States Court decided the transfer fraudulent; and afterward the attorneys of defendants, thinking that the title would be made more secure thereby, procured a release from her. The plaintiff failed, however, to prove that he had purchased the tract in trust for his wife, and his case therefore fell through. The amount involved was not less than $100,000.

The argument list was resumed yesterday morning.

This was interrupted by the announcement by W. D. Moore, Esq., of the death of Mr. Thomas Holland, a young and promising member of the bar. Mr. M. said it was not his intention to pronounce a long eulogy upon their deceased brother. He was a young man of great promise, and of endearing social character. He moved that the court adjourn out of respect for the deceased. Judge Stowe, in answer to the motion, said that he had carefully watched Mr. Holland, and long since thought him one of the most promising of the younger members of the bar. Judges Collier and Sterrett, and other lawyers present, made appropriate remarks. Court then adjourned, and the clerk being instructed to enter a minute of the proceedings upon the records.

Trial List for Monday.

220, O. F. Dressel vs. Boggs.
157, " Duff vs. Darlington.
1, " No. 3, Skiles vs. Skiles.
28, " No. 3, O'Keefe, *et. al.*, vs. Barr, *et al.*
58, " No. 3, Muller, Barr and Parkins, vs. Lippincott & Bakewell.
36, " No. 3, same vs. Thomas Bakewell.
37, Carson & Co., vs. Nolan.
38, Stunn vs. Schrinbarger, *et. al.*
40, Geary vs. Stoker.
41, Graebling vs. Hufert, *et. al.*

DISTRICT COURT.

This court was not in session, an indefinite adjournment having been made on Wednesday afternoon.

CRIMINAL COURT.

This court will reassemble on Monday. The first case on the trial list is that of Peter Louringer murder.

Trial List for Monday.

Commonwealth vs.

Peter Louringer (murder.)	John Lynch.
John Frank.	Louis Rabel.
Michael Quinn.	Samuel McKee.
Howell E. Jones.	Andreas Miller.
	Gorman & Crozier.

UNITED STATES COURTS—BEFORE JUDGES MCCANDLESS AND M'KENNAN.

In the Circuit Court yesterday, before Judge McKennan the case of the United States vs. The Dollar Savings Bank, of this city, was brought to a close. The action was brought by District Attorney Swope under instructions from the Attorney General, to recover a tax of five per cent. on the contingent fund of the bank. The case is looked upon as a test cast, as there are one hundred and thirteen banks in the United States which carry contingent funds under charters similar to that of the Dollar Savings Bank. The action was brought under Section 120 of the Revenue Act of 1866. The jury returned the following special verdict: We find that the Dollar Savings Bank is a banking institution chartered by the laws of Pennsylvania, without stockholders on capital or stock, and doing the business of receiving deposits for the benefit of its depositors—that it has carried and added to the said contingent fund or undistributed sum from 13th of July, 1866, to 31st of December, 1870, one hundred and seven thousand dollars, the first five per cent. on such earnings having been paid prior to 13th of July, 1866; that the earnings were carried to and added to said contingent or undistributed fund semi-annually, on the first day of July and December in each year, and we find that the bank should be of opinion on this state of facts, that the plaintiff is entitled to recover a verdict for the United States for the sum of five thousand three hundred and fifty-six dollars, with interest to be added, if the court should be of opinion that plaintiff is entitled to interest on the semi-annual taxes from the time they were due and payable, the further sum of eleven hundred and ten dollars all of which we respectfully submit to the Court; but if the Court should be of opinion, on the said facts so found, that the plaintiff is not entitled to recover under the law, then we find for the defendant.

The argument of the question on the points of law will take place early next week, and will employ remarkable legal talent on both sides.

John D. Elzweier, who was some days since convicted of having in his possession counterfeit National Bank notes, with intent to utter, publish and sell the same, was sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and to be imprisoned in the Western Penitentiary for the term of one year.

In the District Branch, N. W. Shaffer, Esq., received his commission as Register in Bankruptcy for the Twenty-third Congressional District of Pennsylvania, in place of Hon. John M. Furvance, of Butler, recently resigned. The appointment was made by Hon. Wilson McCandless, on the nomination of the Chief Justice.

THE SCHOOL BOOK MUDDLE.

Another Member of the Central Board Reprimanded—Mr. Kehew Requested to Resign.

The local school Board of the Lincoln District, Twenty-first ward, at their last meeting, received a report from the special committee appointed to consider the recent action of Mr. Charles A. Kehew, their member in the Central Board, upon the question of changing the text books in our public schools. The report was as follows:

To the President and Members of the Board of Directors of Lincoln Public School, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh:

GENTLEMEN.—Your committee appointed at your last meeting, held May 27, to consider the conduct of Mr. C. A. Kehew, your delegate to the Central Board of Education, in violating his instructions by voting for a change of textbooks, beg leave to report that after due deliberations, after a calm and dispassionate consultation respectfully but unanimously suggest, that

WHEREAS, Mr. C. A. Kehew, member of the Central Board of Education, in direct violation of his instructions, voted for change of textbooks, thereby displaying marked disrespect for the Board and the instructions which they gave.

Resolved, That the local school boards are the only authorized agents of the people in all things appertaining to the public education, and exercise a clear and undisputed right to instruct their delegate as they think best.

Resolved, That the local board correctly expressed the sentiments of a large majority of the citizens of this district in the instructions given Mr. Kehew.

Resolved, That Mr. Kehew, in disobeying those instructions, no matter for what purpose, was guilty of a breach of trust, and abused the confidence reposed in him.

Resolved, That Mr. Kehew's absence from the two meetings of the local board immediately preceding that of the Central Board, at which the books were chosen, is not sufficient excuse to justify us in ignoring the charge that he had determined some time previous to the election to vote for certain changes without regard to the instructions he should receive.

Resolved, That we have no evidence, nor do we believe that Mr. Kehew's culpability extends further than undervaluing the instructions of the board he should have resented.

Resolved, That in our judgment, the dignity of the board would be sufficiently vindicated by the President reprimanding Mr. Kehew and the board passing a vote of censure on his conduct.

M. EDWARDS,
JOHN T. WILSON,
GEORGE FINDLEY,
J. J. THEWETT,
ROBERT BOYCE,
Committee.

The Board did not consider these resolutions sufficiently strong but passed a request that Mr. Kehew should at once resign his position as their representative in the Central Board.

CORONER'S REPORT.

Sudden takings off of the past Month.

Coroner West's report of fatal accidents, sudden deaths and consequent inquests for the month of May is as follows:

May 2—George Galloway, accidental drowning in Monongahela river.

May 2—James F. Griffith, rheumatism of the heart, Fourth ward, Allegheny.

May 3—James Jenkins, accidentally killed in Negley's coal works, Robinson township.

May 6—John H. Boughman, heart disease, McKeesport borough.

May 7—William Johnston, crushed by falling wall on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

May 7—John Cavanagh.

May 8—Unknown male child, premature birth, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh.

May 10—George Baker, accidental drowning in Monongahela river.

May 10—Michael Carney, run over by street car, Ormsby borough.

May 11—Sarah Keefe, accidental drowning near Brunot's island.

May 11—Joseph Squires, railroad accident at the depot, Pittsburgh.

May 12—Philip P. Ritchie, buried in a sand bank, Fifth ward, Allegheny.

May 13—Charles Marchant, by boiler explosion, on Wood's rolling mill.

May 15—Josiah Stephenson, accidentally drowned near Hand street bridge.

May 16—James Croner, crushed in a mine near Jefferson township.

May 20—Elizabeth Josephs, by pneumonia, Soho.

May 20—Henry Collins, run over on Connellsville Road.

May 21—Jerome J. Crawford, run over in Pan Handle tunnel.

May 22—Cornelius O'Connor, intemperance, Fifth ward, Allegheny.

May 23—Female child, still born, Shaler township.

May 23—John Flohr, poisoning, Hampton township.

May 27—James Wilson, railroad accident, Allegheny.

May 28—Charles Wooster, railroad accident, Irwin Station.

May 29—George Markle, mania-a-potu, county jail.

Don't Buy Your Lot

Until you have seen North Homestead. It will be sold out in quarter acres on the 17th of June.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Chairmen of the several Republican Nominating Conventions recently held, having been empowered to appoint a County Committee for the ensuing year, met together at Lincoln Club Rooms for that purpose on Wednesday, May 29th. The following gentlemen were present:

J. W. F. White, Convention No. 1.
W. H. Denniston, Convention No. 2.
W. A. Tomlinson, Convention No. 3.
Jacob H. Walters, Convention No. 4.
J. B. Sweitzer, Convention No. 5.
Dr. John Hamilton, Convention No. 6.
S. P. Fulton, Legislative Convention No. 1.
David Kirk, Legislative Convention No. 2.
R. M. Long, Congressional Convention, Twenty-third District.

On motion, Gen. J. B. Sweitzer was chosen Chairman and J. H. Walters, Secretary.

The following appointments were then made:

CHAIRMAN.—Dr. A. H. Gross.

SECRETARIES.—August Beckert, Frank P. Case, B. C. Christy.

CLERK.—James Onslow.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

M. W. Beltzhoover,	F. R. Atterbury,
B. F. Jones,	Mark W. Watson,
William Thaw,	Phillip Reymer,
H. W. Oliver, Jr.,	Thos. M. Howe,
C. W. Batchelor,	James Park, Jr.,
Jno. W. Chalfant,	Wm. M. Peetey,
Henry Lloyd,	Jno. R. McCune,
Joseph Walton,	C. T. Neale,
James McC. Creighton,	W. M. Gormly.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

W. J. Diehl,	Wm. Blakely,
Fred. Schild,	Z. Gillespie,
G. S. Woodson,	Wm. F. Trimble,
Jno. F. Hunter,	Andrew Arent,
Jno. Flaherty,	J. P. Benkhein,
Robert Wilson,	J. C. Lappe,
Richard P. Thompson,	Geo. Fischer,
Frederick London,	H. F. Eggers,
E. Sweitzer,	Roland D. Jones,
E. A. Montooth,	A. M. Watson,
John Kaiser,	Schultz (E. Birm'g'm),
Peter Dressler,	E. L. Lee,
John N. Neeb,	Andrew Dalzell,
Dr. R. McDonald,	M. B. Hays,
Henry Hays,	Henry Jackson,
Henry McCoy,	Emanuel Harris,
Warner Washington,	M. G. Corey,
Chris. Kohne,	Phillip Hoerr,
Abram D. Johnson,	James Reed,
G. W. Wilson (7th w'd),	Wm. C. Bracey,
James McCallin,	R. B. Brown,
E. C. Mathews,	R. H. Jones,
John Mahin,	Richard Perry,
John Gaither,	N. Brokaw,
Frank Harris,	Samuel Harper,
John S. Lambie,	C. S. Fetterman,
James S. Moore,	Louis Hauch,
Lemuel Goughis,	Dr. Yeakirk,
Jeremiah Grandison,	W. E. Harrison,
James Boyd,	And'w M. Johnston, jr.,
James Taylor,	George Geyer,
David Bailey,	J. L. Koethen,
John Froelich,	W. A. Lewis,
B. F. Kennedy,	Julius Montzheimer,
W. B. Hays,	W. C. Sheorgold,
W. K. McClintock,	Jenkin Jones,
John H. Bingue,	August Ammon,
C. Barclay,	Adam Weaver,
J. C. Reyburn,	R. S. P. McCall,
C. P. Duff,	R. D. Humes,
B. K. Haugher,	W. A. Tomlinson,
Edward Bailey,	Louis Aurin,
Barney Mahoney,	Henry B. Hays,
Thomas Gatewood,	— Petrie (Chartiers),
Robert Dickson,	John Hamilton (Crescent),
Wm. Anderson,	Hugh Wood,
Jacob Reese,	Samuel C. Kerr,
A. L. Pearson,	Samuel Scott,
David Harris,	T. S. Tower,
Geo. Nessenthaler,	Frank Patterson,
Wm. Walter,	John V. Humes,
C. C. North,	George Burns,
John Keil, Jr.,	Wm. C. Barr,
Benj. Darlington,	Geo. Nessenthaler,
C. W. Lewis,	Wm. Walter,
Alex. Pitcairn,	C. C. North,
Thos. McConnell,	John Keil, Jr.,
C. B. Seeley,	Benj. Darlington,
Walter F. Austin,	C. W. Lewis,
David Aiken, Jr.,	Alex. Pitcairn,
Thomas S. Mitchell,	Thos. McConnell,
C. B. Bostwick,	C. B. Seeley,
Hugh Hamilton,	Walter F. Austin,
R. B. Parkinson,	David Aiken, Jr.,
George Finley,	Thomas S. Mitchell,
James M. Chambers,	C. B. Bostwick,
J. Henry Miller,	Hugh Hamilton,
Logan Stotler,	R. B. Parkinson,
Thos. McMasters,	George Finley,
Wm. Dickey,	James M. Chambers,
Nicholas Voegtley,	J. Henry Miller,
George H. Beckert,	Logan Stotler,
George Evans,	Thos. McMasters,
D. H. Cunningham,	Wm. Dickey,
Isaac Walker,	Nicholas Voegtley,
Capt. Robert Miller,	George H. Beckert,
J. H. Hyde (Robinson),	George Evans,
Wm. Glass,	D. H. Cunningham,
V. Gschwind,	Isaac Walker,
Capt. R. L. Wood,	Capt. Robert Miller,
R. B. Cargill,	J. H. Hyde (Robinson),
Henry Murray,	Wm. Glass,
Jno. W. Nesbit,	V. Gschwind,
R. F. Smythe,	Capt. R. L. Wood,
H. Nease,	R. B. Cargill,
Chris. Steele,	Henry Murray,
W. J. Gilmore,	Jno. W. Nesbit,
John Gilfillan,	R. F. Smythe,
W. H. Magill,	H. Nease,
S. Schoyer, Jr.,	Chris. Steele,
John McKelvy.	W. J. Gilmore,
	John Gilfillan,
	W. H. Magill,
	S. Schoyer, Jr.,
	John McKelvy.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Alderman McMasters has been doing a wholesale police business lately. Patrick J. Dentin, charged Davis Jones with the larceny of a horse, buggy, harness, whip and two umbrellas, the value of the whole being $400. Dentin alleges that he hitched his horse at the Point Breeze House and when he came out he found his horse and buggy yesterday morning hitched on Penn street. They had been considerably damaged, however, by fast driving. A warrant was issued for his arrest. Daniel Haggerty charges Thomas Caffery and John Keefe with assault and battery. The deponent, who is an old man, alleges that in opening the door to go into a tavern on Webster avenue the defendants attacked him without provocation knocking him down. Warrant issued. Hannah Hurley charges Patrick Keefe with indecent assault and battery. Keefe then made an information against Hannah for assault and battery. He alleges that she threw a bucketfull of dirty water upon him, a kind of shower-bath that he deemed uncalled for. This complicated suit will be settled this evening.

Twelve common cases before Mayor Callowy yesterday morning, were the result of Thursday's dissipation.

James Cable, who was arrested on charge of injuring two men at Troy Hill on Thursday, with his musket, was released from the Allegheny lock-up yesterday morning. The men are not so badly hurt as was at first supposed.

Before Alderman D. L. Smith, Jacob Cable yesterday made an information against officer John Holmes of the Allegheny police, charging him with perjury. Cable was arrested by Holmes and on his testimony sent to the Work House upon a charge of vagrancy. Cable claims that he alleges that the charge is false, as he has a home, and has always supported himself and family. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Holmes.

Alderman Strain yesterday took the information of John Milrane, charging John Loughrey with assault and battery in knocking defendant down. Warrant issued.

Deputy Marshal Smith dispensed justice to six teen common cases yesterday morning.

F. Buenck yesterday made an information before Alderman Koenig against a certain merchant tailor, charging him with forgery in using the signature of another person, endorsing a note of $275. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Police business on the South Side is remarkably brisk. Burgess Dressel disposed of seventeen common cases yesterday morning.

Rather an unusual case came before Alderman McMasters yesterday, on the information of Mr. Louter against Daniel Pulbery, charging him with swindling his personal property in order to defraud his creditors. It is alleged that the defendant packed his worldly goods and shipped them with his wife to England. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

A young Mexican named Joseph Victor was yesterday arrested by Detective Herron on a charge of committing an outrage on the person of Mary Ann Hull, of Baden, Beaver county. The prisoner worked on the farm of the girl's father at the time of the alleged crime.

Deputy Mayor Phillips yesterday committed to jail a man named Lorenzo Voltz on a charge of stealing a watch and $18 from the vest pocket of one John Risiin, for whom he had been working.

The Mayor had fifty-one common cases before him yesterday.

A Threatened Plague in the "Heart of the City."

It has long been known that the offensive and poisonous vapors given off by the oil refineries are very injurious to vegetation, and now it is said they have driven away all the insectivorous birds, such as the blood-thirsty bat, whippoor wills, &c., and even the tree frogs, that feed on the caterpillars, slugs, &c., which usually attack our fruit and ornamental trees. The result is that folks in the vicinity of the refineries are not only compelled to endure the abominable smells that pervade the atmosphere, but, in the absence of the birds, they are to be overrun with myriads of vermin that will "devour every green thing." It is seriously thought that this whole section of the city will have to be abandoned as a place of residence. Quite a number of the property owners in that vicinity are proposing to sell out and remove to the Pittsburgh side of the city, where it is not likely the refineries will ever come, in the neighborhood of North Homestead.

The Duquesne Wagon Works

of Messrs. C. COLEMAN & SON, on Marion avenue, Allegheny, is turning out some of the best and best-finished work to be found in any American shop, East or West, including *Piron, Southern* and *Platform Spring Wagons*, and as a specialty, *the Combined Patent Self-filling Iron Axle Thimble Skein Wagon*, surpassing all others in strength, durability, lightness of draught and cheapness; also, all descriptions of Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, etc. Only the best materials used, and only the best workmen employed. Prices 15 to 25 per cent. lower than the East. All work warranted.

Address, C. COLEMAN & SON,
s.8. Allegheny City, Pa.

If You Want a "20 foot" Homestead(1) Where you can see one rolling mill and *smell* any amount of oil refineries, you need not go to North Homestead. There is nothing of the kind in that neighborhood.

Buy one of the Improvement Trust Company's Lots, and you can have a house of your own for what you are now paying in rent. See advertisement.

Don't Buy Your Lot

Until you have seen North Homestead. It will be sold out in quarter acres on the 17th of June.

CONTROLLER'S REPORT.

The following is the report of the Controller of the city for the past month, furnished with unusual promptness by the new Assistant Controller, Mr. Snodgrass:

RECEIPTS.

Diamond market	$ 2,229 43
Fifth avenue market	199 08
Second district per Geo. Lindermann	5 50